

Growing with

Stronger Foundations

This Summary Financial Report only gives a summary of the information and particulars contained in the "2003 Annual Report" ("annual report") of the Company from which this Summary Financial Report is derived. Both the annual report and this Summary Financial Report are available (in both English and Chinese) on the Company's website at www.bochkholdings.com. You may obtain, free of charge, a copy of the annual report (English or Chinese or both) from the Company's Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, details of which are set out in Shareholder Information of this Summary Financial Report.

Summary Financial Report 2003



BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Hong Kong on September 12, 2001 to hold the entire equity interest in Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited ("BOCHK"), its principal operating subsidiary. Bank of China holds a substantial part of its interests in the shares of the Company through BOC Hong Kong (BVI) Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Bank of China.

BOCHK is a leading commercial banking group in Hong Kong. With approximately 300 branches and about 450 ATMs and other delivery channels in Hong Kong, it offers a comprehensive range of financial products and services to retail and corporate customers. BOCHK is one of the three bank note issuing banks in Hong Kong and serves as a Chairman Bank of the Hong Kong Association of Banks on a rotational basis. In addition, BOCHK has 14 branches and subbranches in the Mainland of China to provide cross-border banking services to customers in Hong Kong and the Mainland.

The Company began trading on the main board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong on July 25, 2002, with stock code "2388", US ADRs: "BHKLY".

Shareholders may elect in writing to receive Annual Report or Summary Financial Report (as the case may be) for all future financial years by applying to the Company's Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, details of which are set out in the Shareholder Information of this Summary Financial Report.

This Summary Financial Report is available in both English and Chinese. A copy prepared in the language different from that in which you have received is available by writing to the Company's Share Registrar.

If you have any queries about how to obtain copies of the Company's Annual Report or Summary Financial Report or how to access those documents on the Company's website, please call the Company's hotline at (852) 2846 2700.



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The theme of this Summary Financial Report is *Growing with Stronger Foundations*, reflecting the Company's commitment to maximise shareholder value and enhance corporate governance. Our performance in 2003 attests to our growing diversified business and strengthened capabilities in all areas.

On the cover, the Bank of China Tower is featured at an elevated angle and is symbolic of our growth on stronger foundations. Presented in a modern artistic style, the magnificent ancient Chinese inventions in the dividers of this report are representative of our continuous efforts to explore new business horizons through innovations.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		As restated ⁶		
	2003	2002	Change	
	HK\$′m	HK\$'m	+/(-)%	
For the year				
Operating profit before provisions	11,595	12,089	(4.09)	
Operating profit after provisions	9,924	9,234	7.47	
Profit before taxation	8,691	8,068	7.72	
Profit after taxation	8,102	6,914	17.18	
Profit attributable to shareholders	7,963	6,787	17.33	
	нк\$	HK\$	+/(-)%	
Per share				
Earnings per share	0.7532	0.6419	17.34	
Dividends per share	0.5150	0.3980	29.40	
	HK\$′m	HK\$'m	+/(-)%	
At year-end				
Shareholders' funds	60,261	56,671	6.33	
Issued and fully paid share capital	52,864	52,864	-	
Total assets	762,587	735,536	3.68	
	%	%		
Financial ratios				
Return on average total assets ¹	1.08	0.94		
Return on average shareholders' funds ²	13.62	12.52		
Cost to income ratio	32.79	33.26		
Non-performing loan ratio	5.78	7.99		
Loan to deposit ratio ³	51.38	53.42		
Average liquidity ratio ⁴	37.76	41.17		
Capital adequacy ratio⁵	15.11	13.99		

1. Return on average total assets = Daily average balance of total assets Profit after taxation

Profit attributable to shareholders

2. Return on average shareholders' funds = Average of the restated opening and closing balance of shareholders' funds

3. Loan to deposit ratio is calculated as at year end.

4. Average liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity ratio of BOCHK for the year.

5. Capital adequacy ratio is computed on the consolidated basis, which comprises the positions of BOCHK and certain subsidiaries specified by the HKMA for its regulatory purposes and in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Banking Ordinance. Prior year comparative has not been restated on adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

6. Certain figures for the year ended 2002 have been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The financial information of the Group for the last five years commencing from 1 January 1999 is summarised below:

		As restated 3			
	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
For the year					
Operating profit before provisions	11,595	12,089	13,162	14,964	13,147
Operating profit after provisions	9,924	9,234	5,750	6,371	3,181
Profit before taxation	8,691	8,068	3,733	6,376	3,771
Profit after taxation	8,102	6,914	2,901	5,198	3,221
Profit attributable to shareholders	7,963	6,787	2,768	5,047	3,067
	нк\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Per share					
Earnings per share ²	0.7532	0.6419	0.2618	0.4774	0.2901
	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
At year-end					
Advances and other accounts	300,094	308,332	308,108	325,569	317,556
Total assets	762,587	735,536	766,140	839,370	772,954
Daily average balance of total assets	752,058	737,779	810,702	830,331	816,778
Deposits from customers	600,642	600,977	606,428	624,726	589,421
Total liabilities	701,170	677,751	712,904	804,493	740,492
Issued and fully paid share capital	52,864	52,864	52,864	52,864	52,864
Shareholders' funds	60,261	56,671	52,170	33,345	31,006
	%	%	%	%	%
Key financial ratios					
Return on average total assets	1.08	0.94	0.36	0.63	0.39
Cost to income ratio	32.79	33.26	30.76	27.70	32.51
Non-performing loan ratio	5.78	7.99	10.99	10.19	12.73
Loan to deposit ratio	51.38	53.42	53.27	54.43	56.85

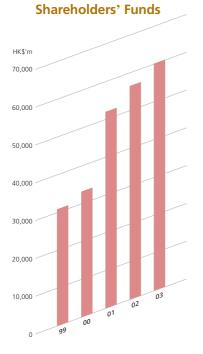
The Company was incorporated on 12 September 2001 and acquired the entire equity interests in BOCHK on 30 September 2001. The Company subsequently
became the holding company of the Group. The financial information of the Group for the years ended 1999, 2000 and 2001 are prepared as if the group structure,
capital structure and operations had been in existence from the beginning of the period presented.

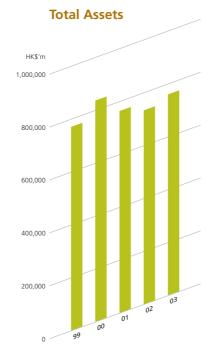
 Pursuant to written resolutions of all the shareholders of the Company passed on 10 July 2002, the authorised and issued share capital of the Company, comprising 100,000,000 and 52,863,901,330 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each, respectively, was consolidated and divided into 20,000,000,000 shares and 10,572,780,266 shares of HK\$5.00 each, respectively. The amounts for the years ended 1999, 2000 and 2001 had been restated to reflect this change.

3. Certain figures for the year ended 2002 have been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

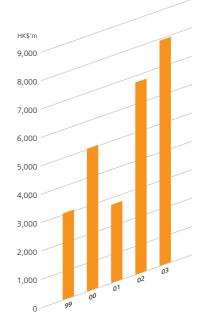
4. The financial information prior to 2002 has not been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes" as it is impracticable to quantify the allocation of deferred tax impact for the years ended 1999, 2000 and 2001 before the Group's restructuring and merger.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

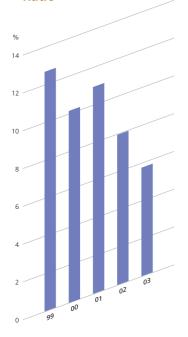




Profit Attributable to Shareholders

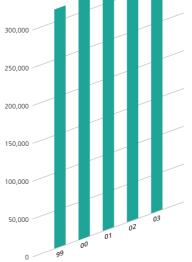


Non-performing Loan Ratio

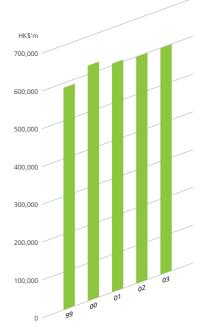


Accounts HK\$'m 350,000

Advances & Other



Deposits from Customers



FORGING AHEAD



A clock-like device pioneered by the Chinese to show time by the shadow of a pointer cast by the sun

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



XIAO Gang Chairman and President, Bank of China Chairman, BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited and Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

The theme of this Summary Financial Report "Growing with Stronger Foundations" is the embodiment of the Group's continued commitment to maximising shareholder value and enhancing corporate governance. This commitment, we firmly believe, is crucial to enable us to be our customers' premier bank wherever we are.

The focus of our business in 2003 was growth through innovation. This was evidenced by our launch of new products and services, the achievement of profit growth notwithstanding an extremely challenging operating environment, further improved asset quality, and our out-performance of our peers in some key businesses. At the same time, we kept on enhancing our corporate governance framework, having regard to international best practices that can ensure a higher degree of accountability to shareholders, customers and staff. With greater investor confidence in the Group's prospects, our shares recorded outstanding price performance.

For the year ended 31 December 2003, the results of the Group were as follows:

- operating income of HK\$17,253 million, down 4.75%;
- profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$7,963 million, up 17.33%;
- earnings per share of HK\$0.7532, up 17.34%.

The Board is recommending a final dividend of HK\$0.320 per share at the Annual General Meeting on Friday, 21 May 2004. That, together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.195 per share, results in a total dividend of HK\$0.515 per share for the whole year.

The Group's business performance last year was a reflection of our sustained efforts in maximising shareholder value.

Profit attributable to shareholders grew on the back of our focused efforts on business development and effective cost management, increasing our return on shareholders' funds and total assets respectively and leading to a high level of shareholder return. We have also

been paying particular attention to asset quality, which was reflected in significantly lowered NPL and classified loan ratios. This is one of the most effective means for achieving healthier growth in the long term.

We have identified and followed a focused business development strategy that establishes priorities and encourages innovation for continuous business growth. Details of this and the results so far will be discussed in the following sections of this Summary Financial Report. It is, however, worth mentioning here that our wealth management business as a whole and our residential mortgage operation registered strong growth last year, especially in the second half. These are clear indicators of how innovation and customisation have generated good results for the Group.

In our 2003 Interim Report, we reported on the findings and recommendations of the Special Committee set up after the New Nongkai Loan incident to review the Group's corporate governance, credit approval procedures, risk management and internal control mechanism. We have embarked on a series of reforms, some of which will further enhance our existing corporate governance structure. We believe these are part and parcel of a strong foundation for the Group's long-term development. Given the improved market sentiment, the benefits of CEPA and other conducive factors, we believe 2004 is going to be another exciting year in a more positive sense. Apart from our priorities of wealth management, consumer credit and corporate lending, we will be actively growing our China business. Towards the end of 2003 BOCHK was appointed as the Clearing Bank for personal RMB business in Hong Kong and our RMB banking services were launched in late February 2004. We are uniquely positioned to take advantage of new business opportunities generated from these developments in the vast Mainland market. Furthermore, with the injection of state capital in late 2003, the Bank of China, the Group's parent company, has been enhancing its corporate governance, operations and management system as well as business development activities to be an even stronger entity. All these are geared towards facilitating fair and mutually beneficial co-operation between BOC and the Group, and in turn, creating an enlarged and solid platform for the development of our China business. To capture the opportunities that are emerging, we will continue to build upon our branch network and resources in both Hong Kong and the Mainland. In order to accomplish further growth with stronger foundations, we will implement coherent and pragmatic business strategies, enhance our management and corporate

governance, focus on asset quality, and strengthen our competitive edge.

Finally, I wish to thank the Board of Directors and the Senior Adviser for their wise counsel during a challenging year, in particular Mr. Chia Pei-yuan and Mr. Ping Yue who retired from the Board in July 2003 and February 2004 respectively. In November 2003, Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao was appointed an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Board. The Board would like to extend a warm welcome to Ambassador Yang who, with her expertise in corporate governance, will surely contribute much to the Group.

My gratitude also goes to shareholders and customers for their continued trust and support. They are our source of inspiration for growth and innovation. Last but not least, I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to our staff, for their ongoing commitment and putting forth only their best efforts regardless of the circumstances.

XIAO Gang Hong Kong, 22 March 2004

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REPORT



HE Guangbei Vice Chairman and Chief Executive BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited and Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

2003 was an unusually eventful year for Hong Kong. The SARS outbreak and the hardships associated with it had a negative impact on nearly all sectors of the economy in the first half of the year. Amidst diminished market demand, the finance and banking industry also experienced adverse effects. Fortunately the local economy began to recover in the latter half of the year in the wake of the SARS. The recovery has been bolstered by a series of positive factors, notably the signing of CEPA between the Central People's Government and the HKSAR Government, the implementation of the individual visit scheme by the Mainland and the announcement of the imminent commencement of personal RMB banking services in Hong Kong. With the restoration of market confidence, stabilising property prices and increasing employment figures, domestic demand has gradually picked up. The operating environment for the banking sector as a whole has improved considerably, despite continued low interest rates and intense market competition.

The Management has been taking a rational and proactive approach in managing the various challenges and capturing the opportunities. We have also been striving to grow our diversified businesses and further strengthen our capabilities in all areas. Our efforts in that regard are reflected in our 2003 financial results.

Ensuring Shareholder Return and Reinforcing Financial Strength

In 2003, we achieved a profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$7,963 million, an increase of 17.33% from the previous year. The return on average shareholders' funds rose by 1.10 percentage points to 13.62%.

During the year, interest rates kept falling to new lows, leading to a continued decrease in our net interest income. Net interest margin fell to 1.82% from 2.00% a year ago. However, the Group's other operating income increased, mainly attributable to the satisfactory

performance of our wealth management and foreign exchange businesses. The ratio of non-interest income to total operating income was up by 2.35 percentage points, reaching 25.38% in 2003.

In line with our established policy, we exercised prudent cost control and improved our overall productivity and efficiency. Operating expenses decreased by 6.09%. This was due partly to the reduction in average headcount, hence overall staff costs, and partly due to savings from the rationalisation of business operations and reduced rental expenses. Information technology expenditure increased in the second half of the year because of the implementation of certain projects that had been delayed as a result of SARS in the first half. Our cost to income ratio remained at the low level of 32.79%.

ratio and classified loan ratio dropped to 5.78% and 5.82% respectively, compared to 7.99% and 7.98% as at 31 December 2002, owing to effective credit risk control, collection of bad debts and write-offs. In consideration of the improvement in asset quality, we released HK\$957 million of general provisions in 2003. In the opinion of the management, the level of general provisions even after the release is adequate and conservative.

The Group's operating profit after provisions increased by 7.47%. After accounting for significant nonoperating items of revaluation losses on premises and investment properties and a write-back of tax provisions, the Group's profit after taxation increased by 17.18%.

The Group's financial position has remained sound and solid. Our consolidated capital adequacy ratio increased to 15.11% at 31 December 2003 from 13.99% at 31 December

We also witnessed marked improvement in asset quality. The NPL



2002. BOCHK's liquidity position was maintained at high levels, with an average liquidity ratio of 37.76%.

Implementing Focused Strategies and Strengthening Market Positions

A key challenge during the year was to sustain our business growth amidst difficult market conditions. By staying focused and customer-oriented, we achieved success in implementing strategic business initiatives. Wealth management and product customisation continued to be our strategic priorities, with increased efforts in tailoring our products to the needs of customers through product development and innovation. Strong demand was experienced in most parts of our wealth management business, such as securities brokerage turnover, distribution of life insurance products and investment fund sales during the year. Furthermore, as the property market began to stabilise towards the end of 2003, residential mortgage loans increased considerably thanks to new and pent-up demand; consequently our market share in this area increased to 17%.

After a generally slow first half, our card business also recovered in the second half of 2003 as consumer spending gradually rose and the negative impact of SARS subsided. Card issuance and cardholder spending increased by 34.60% and 19.81% respectively. Moreover, total card advances to customers grew by 5.68%, outperforming the negative market average by a wide margin. In anticipation of business co-operation with China UnionPay, we had installed over 4,000 new point-of-sale ("POS") terminals at merchant outlets in Hong Kong by the end of 2003.

In the corporate banking arena, loan demand from the industrial and commercial sectors was still sluggish. However, to pave the way for future growth, we continued to strengthen our role in arranging syndicated loans for the local market while growing overseas lending. Hence our corporate loan portfolio mix saw improvement during the year.

With our continued efforts in developing a customer-driven platform in our treasury operation, we offered a larger variety of sophisticated treasury products to customers. This has enlarged the customer base as well as led to growth in revenue. During the year, the volume of foreign exchange and bullion transactions also soared as customers regained their interest in the foreign exchange and bullion markets.

We are pleased to report that on 24 December 2003, BOCHK was appointed by the People's Bank of China as the Clearing Bank for personal RMB business in Hong Kong. This appointment has further enhanced our status as a leading banking group in Hong Kong. It also demonstrates our solid expertise and resourcefulness in offering RMB banking services to the local market. We are well positioned to provide premier RMB services, including personal deposits, exchange, remittance and bank cards.

Progress of Medium-Term Strategic Goals

During our IPO in July 2002, we set forth five medium-term strategic goals. The progress so far is summarised as follows:

- 1. Leveraging our distribution network, we made much progress during the year in growing our revenue from the wealth management and treasury operations through cross selling and the launch of higher valueadded products. Securities brokerage turnover increased by 79%. Investment fund and retail bond sales were up 68%. Life insurance distribution volume grew by 114%. Key products newly launched included the All-You-Want Mortgage Scheme, Smart Mortgage Scheme, SMEs Financing Scheme, and Corporate Tax Loan.
- Our risk management mechanism was strengthened and more effectively implemented in the past year. Our asset quality has improved significantly as mentioned above.
- 3. The operational efficiency of the entire Group continued to rise and

a higher degree of cost-efficiency was attained. The synergies generated from the Restructuring and Merger allowed us to reduce the number of branches to 304.

- We have witnessed higher returns on shareholders' funds and assets last year. Return on average shareholders' funds was 13.62%, up 1.10 percentage points. Return on average total assets was 1.08%, up 0.14 percentage point.
- Co-operation with our parent company, the BOC, and the expansion of our China business continued to advance on a much broader scope.

In addition, we made considerable progress in some key areas of our overall business strategy, namely, the expansion of e-Banking services and the further development of our trade finance and remittance business.

Strategic Priorities to Drive Future Growth

As a major bank in Hong Kong, we are determined to maintain our leading position in all our businesses while serving the fast-changing and increasingly sophisticated needs of the market. At present, our chief goal is to achieve higher growth through the transformation of our business portfolio and the strengthening of our core competencies, laying stronger foundations for our long-term development.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REPORT



To reach that goal, we have set forth some key strategic priorities as highlighted below.

Increasing focus on consumer credit and wealth management

We are establishing a comprehensive wealth management platform, with a view to developing and offering — on a recurrent basis — innovative products and services to our customers. By strengthening our credit card and personal banking businesses, we expect our consumer credit portfolio to expand. With a large customer base, we are well equipped to generate higher growth through bank-wide cross selling and proactive customer relationship management.

Expanding corporate and treasury services

Only by acquiring a deep understanding of the needs of our corporate and treasury customers, can we deliver on the services they require and thereby grow our corporate lending and treasury operations. Through active portfolio management and, again, bank-wide cross selling, we aim to increase our profitability while keeping risks at a manageable level. We shall focus mainly on better relationship management through customer segmentation and channel development. In order to increase our lending to local SMEs, one of our key initiatives is to broaden our SME loan product range. We have already gained some headway in that and will continue to do so.

Enhancing services in the Mainland

China's economy has made remarkable progress amidst the global downturn last year. With the global economy now on the rebound, the Mainland is expected to undergo even better economic development coupled with a more sustainable pace of growth than before. By capitalising on our network of branches and solid presence in the Mainland, we are in a unique position to ride on the opportunities arising from CEPA to further expand our China business. We aim to gain a better understanding of our customers' needs in China by building stronger relationships with them. Meanwhile, through the enhancement of the operational efficiency and services portfolio of our Mainland branches, we are able to offer our customers the same high quality of service in the Mainland as they enjoy in Hong Kong.

Optimising operational efficiency

To ensure our long-term growth and enhance service quality, we strive to improve operational efficiency on a continuous basis. Business and process reengineering was implemented in recent years; we shall proceed with bank-wide efficiency enhancement programmes, encompassing technological enhancement, network rationalisation, channel modernisation and human resources development.

Implementing sound risk management

Sound risk management is a crucial part of our operation. Under the direction of the Board, we have been developing comprehensive and independent risk management measures to take into account current and future needs. Our commitment remains to build a risk-focused culture of business development and implement appropriate risk management processes and controls. In the medium-term, we will conduct our risk management practices through the use of the risk-adjusted and economic capital allocation methodology.

Corporate Development

Our corporate culture is undergoing a transformation to meet our global and local business needs, which will lead to higher service quality and support of customer relationships. We also pursue a policy of ongoing staff development through incentives and extensive training.

In line with the service preference of and business demand in target segments, our branches will be classified into five clearly defined and focused categories, each with specific functions. This will enable us to serve the respective needs of our different customer groups even more effectively.

Besides initiating bank-wide efficiency programmes for process reengineering

and technological advancement, we have further expanded the electronic distribution channel and the scope of our e-Banking products and services to enrich customer experience.

Conclusion

Bearing in mind that the low interest rate environment is likely to persist for some time and competition for quality lending will remain intense, we are cautiously optimistic that the current economic climate will continue to be favourable for the foreseeable future. The implementation of CEPA, the launch of personal RMB banking services, the enlargement of the individual visit scheme, the revival of the local stock and property markets and the return of consumer and investor confidence, all represent greater business opportunity for the Group in 2004.

We have set out to be our customers' premier bank wherever we are. To accomplish this goal and to sustain growth and profitability in the longer term, we believe it is important to better ourselves continuously in terms of innovation and operational efficiency. I have already outlined some pragmatic strategies to that end. These will be kept under constant review to take into account customers' changing needs.

May I take this opportunity to thank the Board for their guidance and all my colleagues for their dedication and hard work in the past year. We owe our achievements today and our success in tiding over a challenging period largely to their trust and unwavering support. I am honoured to be working with them and I stand strongly in the belief that together we can attain higher growth while our foundations continue to be strengthened.

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HE Guangbei Hong Kong, 22 March 2004





MANAGING FOR EXCELLENCE

Hydraulic Armillary and Celestial Tower 水運儀象台

The most ancient Chinese observational instrument combining the functions of measurement, observation and timing

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis aims at providing meaningful analysis of the business performance and risk management of the Group. The following discussion is based on, and should be read in conjunction with, the accounts and the notes included in the annual report.

Performance Measurement

Despite the demanding business environment in 2003, the Group made solid progress in achieving the financial targets set during IPO.

Financial Indicators	Targets	Performance	Result Highlights
ROE ¹ and ROA ²	Enhance ROE and ROA	 Profit attributable to shareholders increased by 17.33% to HK\$7,963 million. ROE and ROA increased to 13.62% and 1.08% from 12.52% and 0.94% in 2002. Total shareholder return³ for 2003 was 91%. 	 ROE: 13.62% ROA: 1.08% Total shareholder return: 91%
ividend payout ratio	60–70%	The proposed final dividend plus interim dividend payout ratio was approximately 68%.	• Dividend payout ratio: 68%
nterest margin and non-interest income ⁴	 Enhance net interest margin Grow non-interest income 	 Due to the persistently low interest rate environment and keen competition, net interest margin fell to 1.82% from 2.00% in 2002. Non-interest income increased. Ratio of non-interest income to total operating income was 25.38%, up 2.35 percentage points from 2002. Income mix changed: Non-interest income from wealth management and treasury operation increased by 68.09% and 23.22% respectively. Loan commission income decreased by 33.75%. 	 Net interest margin: 1.82% Non-interest income to total operating income: 25.38%
Cost efficiency	Maintain low cost to income ratio	Operating income decreased by 4.75%, while operating expense decreased by 6.09%. Cost to income ratio was 32.79%, down 0.47 percentage point from 2002.	Cost to income ratio: 32.79%
Asset quality	Reduce NPL ratio and classified loan ratio ⁵ to 4–6% in medium-term	NPL ratio and classified loan ratio reduced to 5.78% and 5.82% from 7.99% and 7.98% at year-end 2002.	NPL ratio: 5.78%Classified loan ratio: 5.82%
apital strength and quidity	Maintain prudent capital and liquidity levels	Capital adequacy ratio ⁶ was 15.11% and liquidity ratio ⁷ was 37.76%, compared to 13.99% and 41.17% in 2002.	Capital adequacy ratio: 15.11%Liquidity ratio: 37.76%

1. ROE represents return on average shareholders' funds and is defined in "Financial Highlights".

2. ROA represents return on average total assets and is defined in "Financial Highlights".

4. Non-interest income represents other operating income.

5. Percentage of loans that are classified as substandard, doubtful or loss under the HKMA's loan classification system.

6. Capital adequacy ratio is calculated according to the HKMA's requirements.

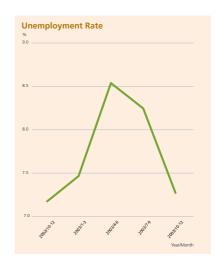
7. Calculated by simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity ratio of BOCHK.

^{3.} Source: Bloomberg. Total shareholder return is defined as return from growth of share price as well as dividend. Dividend is assumed to be reinvested in underlying shares.

Business Environment

The Hong Kong economy was adversely affected by the SARS in the second quarter of 2003. However, the economy showed clear signs of recovery in the latter half of the year, led by a general improvement in the global economy, the Mainland's continued strong economic growth, the signing of CEPA and introduction of other positive initiatives to enhance economic co-operation between the Mainland and Hong Kong.



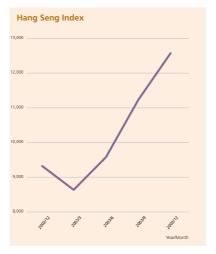


Source: HKSAR Census and Statistics Department

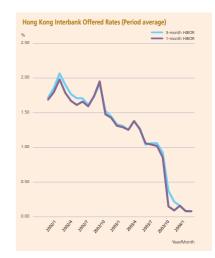
Source: HKSAR Census and Statistics Department

Under CEPA, 18 service industries have been liberalised and 273 types of products made in Hong Kong can be exported to the Mainland free of tariff. The introduction of individual visit scheme by the Mainland led to over 650,000 Mainland residents visiting Hong Kong with an estimated total spending of HK\$3.5 billion by year-end.

The business environment for the banking sector was boosted by the announcement that banks in Hong Kong are allowed to run personal RMB businesses including deposits, exchange, remittance and RMB bank cards.



Source: Bloomberg



Source: Hong Kong Monetary Authority

With these positive developments, statistics pointed to quick and strong recovery in GDP, consumer confidence, employment and new mortgage lending.

In the second half of 2003, the Hong Kong stock market rallied. On the other hand, the Hong Kong Dollar also strengthened vis-à-vis the US Dollar in late September 2003 and drove HIBOR down to the lowest level seen in many years.

These and other factors, including weak credit demand, declining net interest margin, improving asset quality and high liquidity, set the backdrop for the performance of banks operating in Hong Kong.

Financial Overview

The Group's profit attributable to shareholders amounted to HK\$7,963 million in 2003, up HK\$1,176 million or 17.33% from the previous year. Earnings per share were HK\$0.7532, up HK\$0.1113 or 17.34%. Return on average total assets increased by 0.14 percentage point to 1.08% and return on average shareholders' funds was 13.62%, up 1.10 percentage points against 12.52% in 2002.

	2003	As restated 2002*
Operating profit before provisions (HK\$'m)	11,595	12,089
Operating profit after provisions (HK\$'m)	9,924	9,234
Profit before taxation (HK\$'m)	8,691	8,068
Profit attributable to shareholders (HK\$'m)	7,963	6,787
Earnings per share (HK\$)	0.7532	0.6419
Return on average total assets **	1.08%	0.94%
Return on average shareholders' funds	13.62%	12.52%

* Certain figures for the year ended 2002 have been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

** Calculation of average balance of total assets is adjusted by using daily exchange rates.

The major factors affecting our full-year results were:

- A fall in net interest income by 7.66% due to low interest rates and keen competition;
- A reduction in operating expenses by 6.09% due to cost control and merger synergy;
- A decrease in specific provision charge by 13.35% due to improved loan quality;
- The release of general provisions amounting to HK\$957 million;
- Revaluation losses on premises and investment properties totalling HK\$1,111 million; and
- The write-back of tax provision amounting to HK\$732 million.

Consolidated Financial Reveiw

Financial performance

Total Operating Income

Total operating income, comprising net interest income and other operating income, was HK\$17,253 million, down HK\$861 million or 4.75% from last year. The decline in net interest income was partially offset by an increase in other operating income.

Net Interest Income and Margin

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	2003	2002
Interest income	17,759	21,463
Interest expense	(4,885)	(7,521)
Net interest income	12,874	13,942
Average interest-earning assets [#]	706,479	695,978
Net interest spread [#]	1.73%	1.87%
Net interest margin [#]	1.82%	2.00%

Calculations of average balance of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities are adjusted by using daily exchange rates.

Net interest income was HK\$12,874 million, down HK\$1,068 million or 7.66% from 2002. Average interest-earning assets increased by HK\$10,501 million, or 1.51%, to HK\$706,479 million. Net interest margin fell by 18 basis points, a result of 14 and 4-basis point decline in net interest spread and net free fund contribution respectively.

Yields of major interest-earning assets, including loans, interbank placings and debt securities dropped primarily due to declining interest rates. Cost of funding from customer deposits fell as well but to a lesser extent partly because a large portion of customer deposits was Hong Kong Dollar saving deposits, which already reached a near-zero level of interest rate with not much room for further reduction.

In 2003, average 1-month HIBOR and 3-month HIBOR both fell by 82 basis points to 0.99% and 1.04% respectively when compared with 2002. HIBOR continued to fall particularly in the latter half of the third quarter and early fourth quarter when the Hong Kong Dollar strengthened sharply vis-à-vis the US Dollar. As a result, annualised net interest margin continued to decline from 1.89% for the half-year ended 30 June 2003 to 1.82% for the full year.

Other Operating Income

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	2003	2002
Fees and commission income	3,855	3,649
Fees and commission expenses	(858)	(701)
Net fees and commission income	2,997	2,948
Dividend income from investments in securities	45	34
Net loss from other investments in securities	(108)	(61)
Net gain from foreign exchange activities	965	824
Net gain from other dealing activities	42	14
Net rental income from investment properties	161	192
Others	277	221
Other operating income	4,379	4,172
Non-interest income to total operating income ratio	25.38%	23.03%

Other operating income was up HK\$207 million, or 4.96%, to HK\$4,379 million, accounting for 25.38% of total operating income against 23.03% in 2002.

Net fees and commission income was up HK\$49 million, or 1.66%, to HK\$2,997 million. The composition of revenues changed during the year. Income from wealth management business, including income from distribution of life insurance products, commissions on sales of investment funds, retail bonds and securities transactions executed for customers, was up

HK\$431 million, or 68.09%, to HK\$1,064 million due to higher business volumes. This was mainly driven by higher stock turnover and demand for alternative investments under the low interest rate environment. In the first half, there was strong growth in the distribution of life insurance products. Owing to the rally of the stock market in the second half, stock broking commission income increased substantially. Moreover, sales of investment funds and retail bonds continued to grow. Income from levy on low-balance Hong Kong Dollar savings accounts also increased from last year when the levy was first introduced. The above positive factors were partially offset by a decrease in loan commission income due to lower rates and business activities.

Net loss from other investments in securities increased to HK\$108 million mainly due to losses on the disposal of debt securities.

Net gain from foreign exchange activities increased by HK\$141 million, or 17.11%, to HK\$965 million mainly due to higher business volume.

Net rental income from investment properties decreased by HK\$31 million, or 16.15%, to HK\$161 million due to lower property rental values and a reduction in investment property holdings.

Operating Expenses

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	2003	2002
Staff costs	3,316	3,578
Premises and equipment expenses (excluding depreciation)	732	803
Depreciation on owned fixed assets	611	632
Other operating expenses	999	1,012
Operating expenses	5,658	6,025
Cost to income ratio	32.79%	33.26%

Operating expenses decreased by HK\$367 million, or 6.09%, to HK\$5,658 million. The cost to income ratio improved by 0.47 percentage point to 32.79%, as a result of disciplined cost control and operational efficiency improvement.

Staff costs fell by HK\$262 million, or 7.32%, to HK\$3,316 million, mainly due to a decrease in average headcount.

Premises and equipment expenses were down HK\$71 million, or 8.84%, to HK\$732 million due to savings from the rationalisation of business operations and a decrease in rental expenses. This was partially offset by an increase in information technology expenses. The increase in information technology expenses in the second half was primarily due to the delay of certain IT projects during the SARS outbreak period.

Other operating expenses include legal and professional expenses, advertising expenses, utility expenses, printing expenses, expenses for security and guard services etc. These expenses were contained as a result of disciplined cost control under deflationary economic conditions. However, this was partially offset by additional professional expenses incurred for carrying out the special review in the interim period.

Charge for Bad and Doubtful Debts

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	2003	2002
Specific provisions		
new provisions	3,834	4,519
• releases	(768)	(582)
recoveries	(438)	(904)
	2,628	3,033
General provisions	(957)	(178)
Net charge to profit and loss account	1,671	2,855
Average credit cost*	0.83%	0.95%

* Computed by dividing specific provision charge for the year by average daily balance of loans.

The charge for bad and doubtful debts decreased by HK\$1,184 million, or 41.47%, to HK\$1,671 million due to a reduction in the specific provision charge and the release of general provisions. Average credit cost declined by 0.12 percentage point to 0.83% in 2003.

New specific provision charge decreased by HK\$685 million, or 15.16%, to HK\$3,834 million, reflecting the improvement in credit quality. Specific provision releases increased by HK\$186 million, or 31.96%, to HK\$768 million. Specific provision recoveries for loans previously written off fell by HK\$466 million, or 51.55%, to HK\$438 million, mainly due to strong recovery performance in 2002 when dedicated initiatives were introduced.

Because of the lower overall risk profile of the loan portfolio as evidenced by improved loan quality and lower classified loan formation, HK\$957 million of general provisions was released.

Property Revaluation

HK\$'m	2003	2002
(Decrease)/increase in property revaluation reserves	(48)	33
Charge to profit and loss account	(1,111)	(977)
Net change in valuation	(1,159)	(944)

To reflect the change in property prices in Hong Kong, two revaluation exercises on the Group's premises and investment properties were conducted separately at 30 June 2003 and at 31 October 2003.

All investment properties were revalued on the basis of their open market values by Chesterton Petty Limited, an independent firm of chartered surveyors, resulting in a charge to the profit and loss account of HK\$370 million. Having regard to the independent professional valuations carried out on the majority of premises by the valuer, the revaluation of premises resulted in a charge to the profit and loss account of HK\$741 million and a decrease in the premises revaluation reserve of HK\$48 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Taxation

HK\$'m	2003	As restated 2002*
Hong Kong profits tax	576	1,138
Overseas taxation	11	15
Share of taxation attributable to associates	2	1
Taxation	589	1,154

* Certain figures for the year ended 2002 have been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

Taxation was down HK\$565 million, or 48.96%, to HK\$589 million, primarily due to the write-back of HK\$732 million of tax provision in prior years, which was no longer required after the finalisation of tax losses arising from our predecessor merging branches and the tax positions of BOCHK with the Inland Revenue Department in 2003. In 2003, the Group adopted SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes", which represented a change in accounting policy. The change in accounting policy is set out in the respective notes.

Financial position

Balance Sheet

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	at 31 Dec 2003	As restated at 31 Dec 2002*
Cash and short-term funds	134,106	115,075
Placements with banks and other financial institutions		00.450
maturing between one and twelve months	78,240	80,159
Certificates of deposit held	18,776	17,528
Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness	31,460	29,110
Investments in securities**	172,518	158,633
Advances and other accounts	300,094	308,332
Fixed assets	17,582	20,212
Other assets#	9,811	6,487
Total assets	762,587	735,536
Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation	31,460	29,110
Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions	41,347	29,957
Deposits from customers	600,642	600,977
Certificates of deposit issued	2,432	-
Other accounts and provisions	25,289	17,707
Total liabilities	701,170	677,751
Minority interests	1,156	1,114
Shareholders' funds	60,261	56,671
Total liabilities and capital resources	762,587	735,536
Loan to deposit ratio	51.38%	53.42%

* Certain figures for 2002 have been restated to reflect the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

** Investments in securities comprise held-to-maturity securities, investment securities and other investments in securities.

Trade bills and investments in associates are included in other assets.



Total assets were HK\$762,587 million as at 31 December 2003, up HK\$27,051 million or 3.68% from year-end 2002.

Investments in securities rose by HK\$13,885 million, or 8.75%, to HK\$172,518 million. Similar to year-end 2002, approximately 95% of investments in securities will mature within five years and approximately 70% of them were issued by banks and other financial institutions.

Advances to customers were HK\$308,582 million, down HK\$12,452 million or 3.88% from year-end 2002, mainly due to large write-offs and collections totalling HK\$13,968 million. The loan to deposit ratio was 51.38% at 31 December 2003, down 2.04 percentage points from year-end 2002. In terms of industry sectors, loans for use in Hong Kong by the industrial, commercial and financial sectors decreased by HK\$17,143 million or 9.81%. This was partially offset by an increase of HK\$1,558 million or 1.32% in loans for use in Hong Kong by individuals, HK\$978 million or 11.02% in trade finance and HK\$2,155 million or 11.04% in loans for use outside Hong Kong.

The growth in loans for use in Hong Kong by individuals was mainly driven by a 4.83% increase in residential mortgage loans (excluding government-sponsored home purchasing schemes), following the stabilisation of the residential property market. Card advances also increased by 5.68% from year-end 2002 as consumer confidence quickly recovered in the second half. The growth was partially offset by a decrease in loans for use under the government-sponsored home purchasing schemes and other individual loan uses.

The decline in loans for use in Hong Kong by industrial, commercial and financial sectors was mainly caused by large write-offs and collections and weak corporate credit demand. Lending to property development and property investment sectors decreased by HK\$7,667 million, or 9.88%, to HK\$69,916 million and their proportion to total advances reduced from 24.17% at year-end 2002 to 22.66% at 31 December 2003.

Fixed assets amounted to HK\$17,582 million as at 31 December 2003, down HK\$2,630 million or 13.01% from year-end 2002. The decline was mainly attributable to the disposal of premises and investment properties of HK\$1,204 million, deficits on the revaluation of premises and investment properties of HK\$1,159 million and depreciation charges.

Total liabilities increased by HK\$23,419 million, or 3.46%, to HK\$701,170 million from yearend 2002.

Deposits from customers were HK\$600,642 million as at 31 December 2003, down HK\$335 million or 0.06% from year-end 2002. Customers continued to shift funds from time deposits to savings deposits under the low interest rate environment. Savings deposits rose by 32.82% and time, call and notice deposits declined by 19.44%. In the second half, retail certificates of deposit were issued and the outstanding balance amounted to HK\$2,432 million at year-end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Asset Quality

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	at 31 Dec 2003	at 31 Dec 2002
Advances to customers	308,582	321,034
General provisions	(5,406)	(6,363)
Specific provisions	(5,507)	(8,650)
General provisions as a percentage of advances to customers	1.75%	1.98%
Specific provisions as a percentage of advances to customers	1.78%	2.69%
Total provisions as a percentage of advances to customers	3.54%	4.68%
Non-performing loans	17,832	25,659
Specific provisions made in respect of non-performing loans	(5,467)	(8,637)
Specific provisions as a percentage of non-performing loans	30.66%	33.66%
Specific provisions and collateral coverage for classified loans	90.95%	90.08%
Loan loss reserve as a percentage of non-performing loans	61.20%	58.51%
Non-performing loan ratio	5.78%	7.99%
Classified loan ratio	5.82%	7.98%
Residential mortgage loans*		
Delinquency** and rescheduled loan ratio	1.10%	1.75%
Card advances		
Delinquency ratio** #	0.75%	1.26%
Charge-off ratio [#]	8.86%	12.87%

* Residential mortgage loans exclude those under the Home Ownership Scheme and other government-sponsored home purchasing schemes.

* Delinquency ratio is measured by a ratio of total amount of overdue loans (more than three months) to total outstanding loans.

Computed according to the HKMA's definition.

The Group achieved significant improvement in asset quality during the year. NPLs amounted to HK\$17,832 million, down HK\$7,827 million or 30.50% from year-end 2002. The NPL ratio and classified loan ratio fell to 5.78% and 5.82% from 7.99% and 7.98% respectively at year-end 2002. The marked improvement in NPL ratio and classified loan ratio were due to effective credit risk controls, write-offs and collections. During the year, approximately HK\$7,759 million of classified loans were recovered through cash collections and collateral disposal whereas HK\$6,209 million of bad debts were written off.

General provisions and specific provisions as a percentage of advances to customers were 1.75% and 1.78%, down 0.23 and 0.91 percentage point respectively. Specific provisions as a percentage of non-performing loans decreased from 33.66% a year ago to 30.66% as at 31 December 2003. The specific provisions and collateral coverage ratio for classified loans was 90.95%, compared to 90.08% at year-end 2002, reflecting the adequacy of provisioning. The loan loss reserve ratio also improved to 61.20% as at 31 December 2003 from 58.51% at year-end 2002.

The quality of the Group's residential mortgage portfolio improved. The combined delinquency and rescheduled loan ratio decreased from 1.75% at year-end 2002 to 1.10% as at 31 December 2003, which was better than the market average of 1.38%.

The quality of the Group's card advances also improved. The delinquency ratio fell from 1.26% at year-end 2002 to 0.75% as at 31 December 2003. The charge-off ratio decreased from 12.87% in 2002 to 8.86% in 2003.

Capital and Liquidity Ratios

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	at 31 Dec 2003	at 31 Dec 2002*
Tier 1 capital	56,755	54,357
Tier 2 capital	4,997	5,200
Unconsolidated investments and other deductions	(1,429)	(1,572)
Total capital base after deductions	60,323	57,985
Risk-weighted assets		
On-balance sheet	362,531	369,345
Off-balance sheet	37,249	46,624
Deductions	(622)	(1,572)
Total risk-weighted assets	399,158	414,397
Total risk-weighted assets adjusted for market risk	396,682	402,997
Capital adequacy ratios		
Before adjusting for market risk		
Tier 1	14.22%	13.12%
Total	15.11%	13.99%
After adjusting for market risk		
Tier 1**	14.31%	13.49%
Total**	15.21%	14.39%
Average liquidity ratio#	37.76%	41.17%

* Prior year comparatives have not been restated on adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes".

** The capital adequacy ratios take into account market risks and are calculated in accordance with the relevant HKMA guidelines.

Calculated by simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity ratio of BOCHK.

The Group's capital strength remained robust. The consolidated capital adequacy ratio increased from 13.99% as at 31 December 2002 to 15.11% as at 31 December 2003.

The capital base grew by 4.03% with an increase in retained profits. The decrease in riskweighted assets was primarily attributable to a drop of 1.84% and 20.11% in on-balance sheet risk-weighted assets and off-balance sheet risk-weighted assets respectively. The former was due to a decrease in advances to customers, while the latter was mainly due to a decrease in 100% risk-weighted direct credit substitutes and other commitments with an original maturity of one year and over. In addition, risk-weighted asset deductions, comprising excess general provisions and revaluation reserves, declined mainly due to the release of general provisions.

BOCHK's liquidity position remained strong with an average liquidity ratio of 37.76%, 3.41 percentage points lower than 41.17% for 2002, reflecting the migration of customer deposits to shorter maturities.

Regulatory Development

Basel new capital accord

The Basel Committee is in the process of developing a New Capital Accord, also known as Basel II, to replace the existing one, which is currently adopted in Hong Kong. Basel II covers a wider range of risks, encourages use of quantitative techniques for risk assessment and promotes greater transparency of risk management information. The HKMA has been closely working with banks in Hong Kong on reaching a practical and appropriate implementation approach. The complexity of Basel II requires significant resources to be invested in risk management data, systems and operations. The Group has been preparing itself for the changes and has designated projects and plans for the new standard.

Accounting standards development

After the final pronouncement of the revised IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" by the IASB in December 2003, it is likely that HKSA will adopt these two standards in full so as to maintain the conformity with the IAS. These two accounting standards provide comprehensive guidance on the accounting for financial instruments, which is a complex issue to the banking industry worldwide. The adoption of these new standards may involve different levels of change to the existing systems and processes or even the way banks conduct their business. In view of the complexity, the Group will continue to evaluate the impact and prepare itself for future implementation.

Business Review

Commercial banking

The commercial banking segment consists of our retail banking and corporate banking businesses.

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	Second half	First half	Full year	Full year
	2003	2003	2003	2002
Net interest income	4,405	4,987	9,392	10,876
Other operating income	1,671	1,445	3,116	3,110
Operating income	6,076	6,432	12,508	13,986
Operating expenses	(2,243)	(2,130)	(4,373)	(4,504)
Operating profit before provisions	3,833	4,302	8,135	9,482
Charge for bad and doubtful debts	(2)	(1,669)	(1,671)	(2,855)
Operating profit after provisions	3,831	2,633	6,464	6,627
Segment assets Segment liabilities			310,008 621,211	313,429 612,240

Note: For additional segmental information, see Note 8 to the Summary Financial Statements.

Segmental financial highlights

- Net interest income decreased by 13.64% due to narrowing spreads, reflecting lower interest rates, keen competition in the retail and corporate lending business and subdued credit demand.
- Other operating income was stable as a result of lower loan commission income and strong growth in wealth management income. Better second-half performance was due to strong growth in commission income from securities broking and stable income from bills and loan commissions.
- Costs were well contained.
- Substantial drop in the charge for bad and doubtful debts was mainly due to a lower new specific provision charge and the release of general provisions. Lower classified loan formation in both the retail and corporate banking loan portfolios helped to improve overall loan quality. Second-half charge was particularly low mainly attributable to a much lower new specific provision charge and larger release of general provisions, reflecting improvement in loan quality and a reviving economic environment.
- Overall, a larger decrease in net interest income reduced the segment's operating profit after provisions.



Retail banking

A solid year for retail banking business. Declining interest rates reduced the interest income from retail banking business. This was partially offset by strong performance in wealth management and lower credit cost.

Wealth management: The low interest rate environment stimulated demand for alternative investments. To capture these business opportunities, we focused on our strategic priority of expanding the line of wealth management products, including investment funds, retail bonds and life insurance plans. We also actively promoted our option-linked products as an alternate to traditional deposits products. In 2003, securities broking, investment fund and retail bond sales, and life insurance product distribution registered strong growth respectively in business volume.

Mortgage: During the year, new mortgage products were launched to meet the sophisticated needs of our customers, including new mortgage insurance programmes, the All-You-Want Mortgage Scheme and the Smart Mortgage Scheme. We maintained a leadership position in mortgage services. Our mortgage balance showed an increase of 4.83% against a 2.41% market decrease. At the same time, the credit quality of mortgage loans improved. The delinquency and rescheduled loan ratio declined to a level below the market average. Furthermore, with stablising residential property prices, the negative equity ratio dropped to 13% by year-end against the market average of 20%.

Credit card business: In April 2003, we successfully migrated to a new operating system, our prime objective being to increase competitiveness by enhancing the delivery of tailor-made and comprehensive value-added services.

In the first half of 2003, the card business was affected by the SARS outbreak and weak consumer confidence. Nevertheless, we were able to benefit from the economic rebound in the second half through continuous marketing efforts. The number of cards issued and cardholder spending grew by 34.60% and 19.81% respectively. Card advances were up 5.68%, outperformed the market average of 4% negative growth. Furthermore, our merchant acquiring business in Hong Kong, Macau and the Mainland China achieved a total growth of 3.27% by transaction value. The credit quality of card advances improved significantly during the year. Our charge-off ratio dropped from 12.87% to 8.86% compared to the industry average of 10.02% as released by the HKMA.

Channels: As part of our initiative to reengineer branch distribution, the first phase of our pilot programme was completed and 3 new Personal Financial Service Centres were opened. In the future we will see branches becoming more specialised to include VIP Branches, Personal Financial Service Centres, Investment Centres and 24-hour Automated Banking Centres. In addition, 33 traditional branches were closed in 2003. At year-end 2003, the total number of branches was 304, as compared to 334 at year-end 2002. ATMs are an extension of our branch network and, during the year, we increased the number of ATMs from 435 to 449.

e-Banking is an important channel for the rationalisation of our operations. During the year, we expanded our range of products and services available through electronic distribution channels to include online remittance service, credit card application, guaranteed fund trading service and electronic consolidated statements. We also upgraded our telephone banking and internet banking system to provide 24-hour service capability and customer friendly features.

The SARS outbreak increased customer demand for and acceptance of the delivery of financial services through electronic channels. With more efforts put into the development of the channels, by December 2003 iT's Online Banking customers grew by 61% whereas monthly financial transactions through internet grew by 73% from six months ago.

Corporate banking and financial institutions

A year of turbulence and consolidation. 2003 continued to be a difficult year for corporate banking as credit demand remained sluggish and competition was keen. Fees and commission income declined in light of keen competition. However, through strengthened credit risk management, overall corporate loan quality improved significantly. This manifested itself in lower classified loan formation and a significant drop in the classified loan ratio.

During the year, we maintained our position as a leading arranger of Hong Kong/China syndicated loans. We also continued to focus on strengthening trade finance services by setting up a specialised factoring division to provide one-stop service to customers. As part of our efforts to strengthen our SME business, we launched the SMEs Financing Scheme and Corporate Tax Loan targeting SME clients. In trade services, the amount of bills processed increased more than 4% despite the difficult operating environment. Our services will be available through an additional channel with the completion of the internet Corporate Banking System, an internet-based channel scheduled to be launched in 2004 upon approval by the HKMA.

We made encouraging progress in developing business with financial institutions including syndicated lending and private placing and trading of depository certificates issued by those institutions. In November, we also launched the USD Real Time Gross Settlement between Hong Kong and Shenzhen.

Having been appointed by the People's Bank of China as the Clearing Bank for RMB business in Hong Kong, we are committed to providing efficient RMB clearing services to participating banks.

Mainland branches and China-related business

New developments explored and opportunities increased. In 2003, we continued to grow our business in the Mainland. Our 14 Mainland branches now provide more diversified services and products to customers. Early in the year, we rolled out the Automated Fund Transfer service so that Mainland mortgagors can make repayments through any of our branches in Hong Kong. To our corporate customers, we offer foreign currency loans services to allow them to take advantage of the interest rate differential.

In January 2003, we launched BOC Prestige Banking Services jointly with BOC to capitalise on our extensive branch network. This premier one-stop banking service is designed for customers who frequently travel between Hong Kong and the Mainland China.

In September 2003, we signed an agency co-operation agreement, the first in Hong Kong, with China UnionPay, a shareholding financial institution comprising more than 80 financial institutions in the Mainland China. By year-end, we have successfully installed over 4,000 new terminals with merchants in Hong Kong that enable China UnionPay card transactions. In view of the introduction and expansion of the individual visit scheme, this business would contribute to our revenue growth.

We also made good progress in channel development with the launch of iT's Online Banking and Telephone Banking in January 2004. These electronic banking services enable customers from the Mainland China to manage their finances regardless of time and distance.

Treasury

Our treasury activities include money market, foreign exchange dealing and capital market activities. The following table summarises the performance of our treasury segment.

HK\$'m, except percentage amounts	Second half	First half	Full year	Full year
	2003	2003	2003	2002
Net interest income	1,707	1,275	2,982	2,375
Other operating income	279	639	918	745
Operating income	1,986	1,914	3,900	3,120
Operating expenses	(80)	(82)	(162)	(174)
Operating profit before provisions	1,906	1,832	3,738	2,946
Charge for bad and doubtful debts	_	–	_	_
Operating profit after provisions	1,906	1,832	3,738	2,946
Segment assets Segment liabilities			432,947 77,671	400,100 62,431

Note: For additional segmental information, see Note 8 to the Summary Financial Statements.

Segmental financial highlights

- Net interest income increased by 25.56% mainly due to a decrease in interest allocated to the commercial banking under a declining interest rate environment. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in interest income from segment interest-earning assets.
- Other operating income increased by 23.22% mainly due to gains from foreign exchange activities but was partially offset by losses incurred on the disposal of debt securities.
- Overall, increases in both net interest income and other operating income raised the segment's operating profit after provisions.

Surplus funds effectively managed and non-interest income increased. During the year, against the background of persistently low interest rates and weak credit demand, we actively managed surplus funds for better returns and ensured an increase in non-interest income.

We expanded our business further by offering more treasury products with augmented features to customers. Also, by taking advantage of cross selling opportunities from both retail and corporate customers, our customer base and transaction volume grew strongly. As customer demand for foreign exchange and bullion trading increased under the highly volatile currency and bullion market conditions in 2003, the volumes of foreign exchange margin trading transactions rose by 50% and 280% respectively as compared to 2002.

Corporate development, technology and operations

Human resources: During the year, the Group focused on aligning corporate values with our business needs. We also kept on pursuing the strategy of linking performance to reward by implementing various incentive plans in 2003.

Employee training programmes were introduced to support the delivery of quality banking services. About 1,000 training courses for over 60,000 employees at all levels of staff were offered. These included courses and seminars on compliance, corporate governance, corporate culture, quality service and team building. We also offered a series of "sales and services" training programmes to our front-line staff to enhance their customer relationship skills and to promote quality services. To provide a dynamic and diversified learning channel, we successfully launched the first e-learning management training programme. Moreover, to meet the needs of future business development, we tailor-made some orientation programmes for newly recruited university graduates. The investment in people and human resources is an ongoing strategy.

By year-end, the total number of employees of the Group, including all the subsidiary companies, was 13,188, a reduction of 251 over last year.

Technology and operations: As business competition becomes increasingly keen, it is our strategic initiative to enhance our information infrastructure for sustainable business growth. In 2003, an IT Programme Management Office was established as a central point for resource allocation, coordination and monitoring of core projects. Most initiatives for 2003 were successfully completed and major projects are proceeding on schedule.

To increase operational efficiency, we successfully launched the first phase of the Information Processing Centralisation Project. A local document scanning centre, a document warehouse and a data entry centre in Shenzhen were established.

We also joined the Cheque Imaging and Truncation Scheme, which helps strengthen chequeprocessing capability and reduce operational risk. Enhancements and new functions of the Remittance System were rolled out to improve the payment efficiency and to provide more service delivery channels to customers. The Credit Workflow Management System was launched and is now being applied in residential mortgage loan application. This functionality will be applied in corporate loan application in the first half of 2004 to enhance our credit workflow and service quality.

Credit Ratings

During the year, the credit ratings of BOCHK were revised by the rating agencies.

On 11 June 2003, Standard & Poor's revised the outlook on BOCHK to negative from stable. As at 31 December 2003, BOCHK's long-term and short-term counterparty credit ratings as assigned by Standard & Poor's were BBB+ and A-2.

On 16 October 2003, Moody's upgraded its long-term foreign currency bank deposit rating on BOCHK to A2 from Baa1, and its short-term foreign currency bank deposit rating on BOCHK to P-1 from P-2. The rating outlook remained stable and the financial strength ratings remained unaffected. As at 31 December 2003, BOCHK's long-term and short-term foreign currency bank deposit ratings as assigned by Moody's were A2 and P-1.

	Long-term	Short-term
Moody's	A2	P-1
Standard & Poor's	BBB+	A-2

These rating agencies review the ratings assigned to BOCHK periodically and may confirm or change these ratings from time to time as a result of their reviews.

Risk Management

Overview

Management of risk is fundamental to the business of the Group and is an integral part of its strategy. The principal types of risk inherent in the Group's business include credit risk, market risk (comprising interest rate risk and exchange rate risk), liquidity risk and operational risk. The Group's risk management goal is to maximise its long-term risk-adjusted return on capital, reduce the wide volatility in earnings and enhance shareholder value. To achieve this, BOCHK measures and controls the risks involved in its business activities and ensure that they are within acceptable levels.

Risk management structure

BOCHK's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyse credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk, to set appropriate risk limits, and to continually monitor these risks and limits by means of administrative procedures and information systems. BOCHK continually modifies and enhances its risk management policies and procedures to reflect changes in markets and products.

To achieve risk management goals, BOCHK has established a centralised, independent and comprehensive risk management structure that involves the following elements:

- a standardised corporate governance structure to provide active oversight and participation by the Board of Directors, committees and senior management;
- reporting lines that are independent of BOCHK's SBUs;
- uniform risk management policies, procedures and limits by which BOCHK identifies, measures, monitors and controls inherent risks;
- improved risk measurement, monitoring and management information systems to support business activities and risk management; and
- clearly defined risk management responsibilities and accountability.

The RMC under the Board of Directors is responsible for approving risk management policies and procedures and significant asset and liability management policies proposed by the ALCO.

Each SBU is responsible for implementation of appropriate policies, procedures and controls in relation to risk management. Our CRO oversees and monitors the operations of the RMD and reports directly to the RMC. Our CRO is also responsible for assisting the Chief Executive on the bank-wide credit risk, market risk and operational risk management and submitting the RMC the independent risk management report each month.

Our CFO has oversight responsibilities for the soundness of the Group's capitalisation and earnings. In addition, our CFO, with assistance of the Treasurer, monitors the bank-wide interest rate risk and liquidity risk and reports to the ALCO and the RMC on a regular basis.

The Audit Department of BOCHK reports to the Board and the Audit Committee that risk management policies, procedures and internal controls are in place and are being followed.

BOCHK's principal banking subsidiaries, Nanyang and Chiyu, also face the same types of inherent business risks and they adopt consistent risk management strategies and policies as BOCHK. These subsidiaries execute their risk management strategy independently and report functionally to BOCHK on a regular basis.

Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with BOCHK. Credit risk arises principally from BOCHK's lending, trade finance and treasury activities.

BOCHK's primary goal in credit risk management is to maximise its risk-adjusted returns while maintaining its credit risk exposure within acceptable parameters. In particular, BOCHK has developed and implemented comprehensive policies and procedures to identify, measure, monitor and control credit risk across the organisation. BOCHK's credit risk management structure seeks to meet its primary goal by:

- establishing an appropriate credit risk environment;
- enforcing prudent procedures for approving credits;
- maintaining an appropriate credit administration, measurement and monitoring process; and
- ensuring adequate independent oversight and controls over credit risk.

Consistent with BOCHK's overall risk management objectives, the key principles that ensure effective implementation of BOCHK's credit risk management strategy are:

- balancing BOCHK's tolerance for risk with the level of expected returns;
- diversifying BOCHK's loan portfolio by geographic regions, industries, products, customers, maturities and currencies;
- maintaining the independence of the credit review process to ensure risk assessment and monitoring are conducted in an objective and comprehensive manner;
- emphasising the importance of cash flow as an essential factor in assessing applicants' repayment ability;
- compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- assigning clearly defined credit risk management responsibilities and accountability to each relevant operating unit and people involved in the risk management process;
- avoiding over-reliance on collateral and guarantees;
- ensuring accurate measurement and full disclosure of credit risk exposure; and
- maintenance of consistent credit policy.



"Seminar on Differentiation of RMB Banknotes Features" was organised for customers

Credit risk management structure

BOCHK's Board of Directors, representing the shareholders' overall interests, is responsible for determining its credit risk management strategic objectives and principles. The Board, with the aim of maximising BOCHK's risk-adjusted returns as well as shareholders' wealth, holds ultimate responsibility for BOCHK's overall credit risk management process.

The RMC is a board level committee that has the responsibility of determining and revising BOCHK's credit risk management policies and procedures. BOCHK believes that independence and proper checks-and-balances are of critical importance in effective risk management. To this purpose, in BOCHK's managerial/organisational structure, the RMD and the Audit Department are placed onto the hierarchical position in which they report directly to the RMC and the Audit Committee respectively. All these committees and departments form an independent line of control.

In addition, respective responsibilities, accountability and authorities related to credit risk management are clearly defined throughout BOCHK.

The Chief Executive is responsible for, among other things, implementing the credit risk management strategy and policies approved by the Board. The Chief Executive is also charged with balancing BOCHK's goal of generating a high yield on its assets with the need to maintain risk exposure within the shareholders' tolerance level.

The Credit Committee has primary responsibility for reviewing and approving significant loans, which exceeding the credit extension limit of the deputy chief executives of credit initiation unit, loans exceeding the credit extension limit of the head of the Special Assets Management Department in the course of restructuring classified loans, loans exceeding the veto right of the CRO and applications which have been vetoed by our CRO and in respect of which an appeal has been lodged with the Credit Committee. BOCHK's credit initiation units, such as Corporate Banking, Retail Banking and China Business Head Office, act as the first line of risk control. They are required to conduct business activities within the limits of delegated authority and in accordance with BOCHK's credit risk management strategy, policies and procedures.

The RMD, being structurally independent to credit initiation units, assists the Chief Executive in managing credit risk based on the credit risk management strategy and policies. It also provides independent due diligence relating to identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling credit risk. To avoid any potential conflicts of interest, the credit review functions are independent of the business units. Multilevel credit approval authorities are set depending mostly on the credit officers' professional experience, skill and responsibilities. All credit approval and review authorities originate from BOCHK's Board of Directors.

The Special Assets Management Department is responsible for the collection of NPLs. Other departments, though not specified above, are also charged with relevant matters in relation to credit risk management.

Credit approval procedures

BOCHK employs discriminatory approval procedures for high-risk loans, low-risk loans and significant loans.

Low-risk credit transactions that fulfill certain requirements relating to credit types, loan purposes, loan amount, guarantees, collateral coverage and security adequacy processed using low-risk loan approval procedures. Under these procedures, authorised credit officers in credit initiation units may approve this type of credit applications without prior review by the RMD. The corresponding loan review officer in the RMD should conduct independent postapproval reviews of such pre-approved low-risk credit transactions and assess if initial credit decisions have been made in accordance with the established procedures.

For high-risk loans, credit officers in credit initiation units can only accept and review loan applications and make the initial lending decisions. These credit applications are then independently evaluated by review officers in the RMD in the respect of compliance with policies and procedures, adequacy of credit risk assessment, and information sufficiency. The RMD is authorised to exercise the right of veto or concurrence based on the review conclusions.

Significant loans as above-mentioned are reviewed and approved by the Credit Committee.

Credit risk assessment

The result of credit risk assessments is a critical factor in making credit decisions. BOCHK's credit assessment emphasises a thorough understanding of the purpose and structure of a loan, the borrower's financial status, cash flow position and repayment ability as well as business management. BOCHK also evaluates the industry risk associated with the corporate borrowers. When assessing an individual loan application, BOCHK considers overall credit risk at the portfolio level.

Credit risk monitoring

BOCHK has a dedicated division, the RMD, to conduct thorough and comprehensive postdisbursement monitoring on each obligor and group of obligors in order to identify and control individual and overall credit risk in the loan portfolio.

An early alert programme for potential problem customers is in place to detect early signs of deterioration in credit status of obligors and to trigger closer monitoring process to prevent further deterioration.

To ensure that adequate efforts are dedicated to resolve NPLs, BOCHK has set up internal targets to evaluate the performance in the resolution of criticised loans. The RMD provides regular monitoring reports on the progress to senior management for high-level oversight.

Market risk management

Market risk is the risk that the movements in interest rates or market prices will result in losses in on- and off-balance sheet positions. BOCHK's market risk arises from customer-related business and from position taking. Market risk trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation.

Market risk is managed within risk limits approved by the RMC. The overall risk limits are divided into sub-limits by reference to different risk factors, which are interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity prices and equity prices. Considering the different nature of the products involved, limits are set by using a combination of risk measurement techniques, including position limits and sensitivity limits.

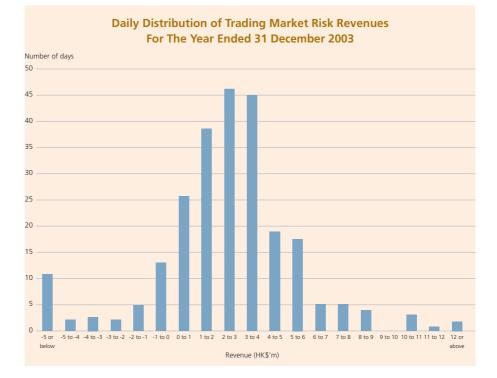
Having set up the monitoring limits and supervisory procedures, the Market Risk Division in the RMD is responsible for the daily market risk management. Through the daily risk monitoring process, the Market Risk Division measures risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific action to ensure that the overall and individual market risks are managed within acceptable levels.

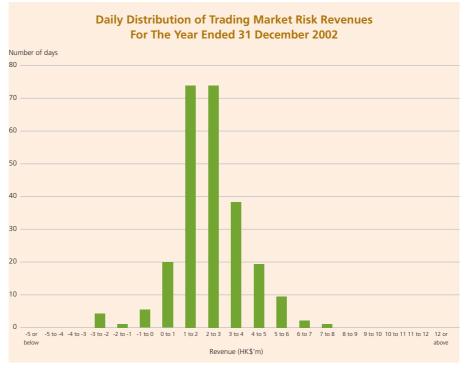
VaR is a statistical technique which estimates the potential losses that could occur on risk positions taken due to movements in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity prices and equity prices over a specified time horizon and to a given level of confidence. The model used by BOCHK to calculate portfolio and individual VaR on a variance/covariance basis, uses historical movements in market rates and prices, a 99% confidence level and a 1-day holding period and generally takes account of correlations between different markets and rates.

At 31 December 2003, the VaR for all trading market risk exposure of BOCHK was HK\$0.8 million (2002: HK\$3.3 million), the VaR for all trading interest rate risk exposure was HK\$0.7 million (2002: HK\$2.1 million) and the VaR for all trading foreign exchange risk exposure was HK\$0.6 million (2002: HK\$1.1 million). For the year ended 31 December 2003, the average VaR was HK\$5.9 million (2002: HK\$3.3 million). The average VaR in 2003 was higher than previous year due to higher market volatility.

For the year ended 31 December 2003, the average daily revenue of BOCHK earned from market risk-related trading activities was HK\$1.9 million (2002: HK\$2.3 million). The standard deviation of these daily trading revenues was HK\$9.0 million (2002: HK\$1.5 million). An analysis on the frequency distribution of daily trading revenues shows that 36 losses (2002: 10 losses) were recorded out of 248 trading days for the year ended 31 December 2003 and the maximum daily loss was HK\$119 million (2002: HK\$2.8 million). The most frequent result was a daily trading revenue of between HK\$2.0 million to HK\$4.0 million (2002: HK\$2.0 million). The highest daily revenue was HK\$36.3 million (2002: HK\$7.0 million).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS





Foreign exchange risk management

BOCHK provides foreign exchange deposit, margin trading and forward transaction services to its customers. BOCHK's trading activities in the foreign currency markets expose it to exchange rate risk. BOCHK manages exchange rate risk through its interbank market activities. In particular, BOCHK mitigates exchange rate risk by establishing position limits and limits on the loss of the whole foreign exchange trading floor. All these limits are approved by the RMC. The RMD is responsible for monitoring foreign exchange exposure and related stop-loss limits on a day-to-day basis as well as controlling BOCHK's credit risk exposure arising from foreign exchange transactions.

Interest rate risk management

BOCHK's interest rate risk exposures comprise trading and structural exposures. The major types of interest rate risk are: (1) Re-pricing risk: mismatches in the maturities or re-pricing periods of assets and liabilities; (2) Basis risk: different pricing bases for different transactions so that yield on assets and cost of liabilities may change by different amounts within the same re-pricing period.

BOCHK's ALCO maintains oversight of interest rate risk; the RMC sanctions the interest rate risk management policies formulated by the ALCO. The Treasurer, under the supervision of the CFO, carries out approved policies and develops risk management system to identify, measure, monitor, and control interest rate risk.

Gap analysis is the primary tool used to measure BOCHK's exposure to interest rate risk. It provides BOCHK with a static view of the maturity and re-pricing characteristics of its balance sheet positions. The magnitude of the gaps indicates the extent to which BOCHK is exposed to the risk of potential changes in the margins on new or re-priced assets and liabilities. BOCHK uses interest rate derivatives to hedge its interest rate exposures; in most cases, plain vanilla interest rate swap is used.

Sensitivity of earnings to interest rate changes (Earnings at Risk) is assessed through hypothetical interest rate shock of 100 basis points across the yield curve on both sides. Variations in net interest income are controlled within 5% of the budgeted amount for the year. The impact of basis risk is gauged by the projected change in net interest income under scenarios of uncorrelated movements in interest rate indices. Furthermore, BOCHK periodically assesses its potential vulnerability under stressed scenarios that represent exceptional but plausible events, and decide whether to take remedial actions basing on the stress-testing results and the circumstances of each case. The results of analysis are regularly monitored by the CFO.

Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk arises in the funding of lending, trading and investment activities and in the management of trading positions. Liquidity risk includes both the risk of unexpected increase in the cost of funding to refinance the BOCHK's asset portfolio at appropriate maturities and the risk of being unable to liquidate a position in a timely manner and/or at a reasonable price.

The goal of liquidity management is to enable BOCHK, even under adverse market conditions, to meet all its maturing repayment obligations on time and to fund all of its asset growth and strategic opportunities.

BOCHK maintains flexibility in meeting its funding requirements by maintaining diverse sources of liquidity. BOCHK funds its operations principally by accepting deposits from retail and corporate depositors. In addition, BOCHK may issue certificates of deposit to secure a long-term financing source or may raise funds through the sale of investments.

BOCHK uses the majority of funds raised to extend loans, to purchase debt securities or to conduct interbank placements. Generally deposits have a shorter average maturity than interbank placements that in turn are of shorter average maturity compared with that of loans or investments.

BOCHK maintains a buffer portfolio of liquid, high quality securities that is managed under the supervision of the CFO and the ALCO. These securities may generally be sold at any time at market prices to meet BOCHK's emergent liquidity needs. BOCHK may also manage its liquidity by borrowing in the interbank markets on a short-term basis, although typically BOCHK is a net lender of funds. The interbank markets generally provide an adequate amount of liquidity, at borrowing rates that are subject to market conditions.

The primary goal of the BOCHK's asset and liability management strategy is to achieve an optimal return while ensuring adequate levels of liquidity and capital within an effective risk control framework and at reasonable cost of funding. BOCHK's ALCO is responsible for establishing these policy directives and works closely with the Treasurer to ensure that BOCHK maintains adequate levels of liquidity and secures the lowest possible cost of funding, while closely planning and monitoring BOCHK's on- and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities with regard to the risk incurred. The Treasurer adjusts, as necessary, BOCHK's liquidity and structural foreign exchange positions in line with the policies of ALCO, and also provides reporting and analytical support to the ALCO with respect to current and planned positions taken for investment, funding and structural foreign exchange management purposes. In particular, BOCHK has implemented various measures to:

- improve its management information system to provide timely information on the movement of its liquid assets and that of its customer deposits on a daily, weekly and monthly basis;
- monitor liquidity ratios in compliance with the HKMA's requirements;
- prepare regular maturity gap analysis to enable management to review and monitor BOCHK's liquidity position on a timely basis;
- conduct scenario analysis to estimate the impact of various risk factors on the liquidity position;
- perform stress testing to assess the ability to sustain extreme but plausible stress situation;
- establish a range of liquidity risk factors for monitoring purposes and a liquidity risk warning index system to detect early signs of any irregularities; and
- create a three-tier response system to effectively deal with any emergencies.

Capital management

The major objective of capital management is to maximise the returns to shareholders with the requirement to maintain strong capital adequacy ratio and high credit ratings. We maintain our strong capital adequacy ratio mainly through internal capital generation. We would consider the issuance of capital instruments or the adjustment of capital mix when appropriate to achieve the lowest overall cost of capital. The ALCO, with the assistance of the Treasurer, monitors the adequacy of its capital using the CAR as one of the major measurements, which is subject to the HKMA regulatory requirements. The Group maintained its capital to comply with all the statutory standards for all the periods presented in the report.

Operational risk management

Operational risk, one of the major risks exposed to BOCHK, is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. It is BOCHK's objective to manage this risk in line with the best practice of the industry.

In order to achieve effective internal controls, BOCHK maintains adequate documentation of its business processes and operational procedures whereby operational risks are identified and control procedures are set. It also emphasises on segregation of duties and independent authorisation among all business activities.

BOCHK monitors operational risk losses and periodically collects loss data in preparation for Basel New Capital Accord.

Business Continuity Plan is in place. Adequate backup facilities are maintained and duly tested to support business operations in the event of disasters. In the SARS outbreak, our contingency mechanism reacted and operated effectively. The Company also arranges insurance cover to mitigate potential losses in respect of operational risk.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Chairman	XIAO Gang
Vice Chairmen	SUN Changji HE Guangbei
Directors	HUA Qingshan LI Zaohang ZHOU Zaiqun ZHANG Yanling FUNG Victor Kwok King* SHAN Weijian* TUNG Chee Chen* YANG Linda Tsao*
* Independent Non-executive Directo	rs

NEOH Anthony Francis

Senior Management

Senior Adviser

Chief Executive	HE Guangbei
Deputy Chief Executives	ZHU Chi DING Yansheng LAM Yim Nam
Chief Financial Officer	LAW Man Wah
Chief Risk Officer	MAO Xiaowei
Company Secretary	YEUNG Jason Chi Wai

Registered Office

52nd Floor
Bank of China Tower
1 Garden Road
Hong Kong

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Share Registrar

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1901–5 19th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

ADSs Depositary Bank

Citibank, N.A. 111 Wall Street New York, NY 10005 United States of America

Website

www.bochkholdings.com



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DIRECTORS



Mr. XIAO Gang, Chairman

Aged 45. Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Chairman and President of BOC. Director of BOC (BVI) and BOCHKG. Chairman of China Association of Banks.



Mr. SUN Changji, Vice Chairman

Aged 61. Vice Chairman of the Company and BOCHK. Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Vice Chairman and Executive Vice President of BOC. Director of BOC (BVI) and BOCHKG.

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Mr. HE Guangbei, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive

Aged 49. Vice Chairman and Chief Executive of the Company and BOCHK. Chairman of Nanyang and Chiyu. Managing Director of BOC. Director of Hong Kong Interbank Clearing Limited and Hong Kong Note Printing Limited. Member of the Exchange Fund Advisory Committee and Banking Advisory Committee of the HKMA. Designated representative of BOCHK to the Hong Kong Association of Banks. Member of Greater Pearl River Delta Business Council.



Mr. HUA Qingshan, Non-executive Director

Aged 51. Non-executive Director and member of the Risk Management Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Managing Director and Executive Vice President of BOC. Chairman of BOC-CC.



Mr. LI Zaohang, Non-executive Director

Aged 48. Non-executive Director and member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Managing Director and Executive Vice President of BOC. Chairman of BOC Investment, BOC Insurance and Bank of China (Canada).



Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun, Non-executive Director

Aged 51. Non-executive Director and member of the Audit Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Managing Director and Executive Vice President of BOC.



Ms. ZHANG Yanling, Non-executive Director

Aged 52. Non-executive Director and member of the Risk Management Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Managing Director and Executive Vice President of BOC. Chairman of BOCI and Bank of China (Hungary) Limited.



Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King, Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 58. Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and BOCHK. Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Chairman of the Li & Fung Group of companies.



Mr. SHAN Weijian, Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 50. Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and BOCHK. Chairman of the Audit Committee and member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Managing Partner of Newbridge Capital Limited.



Mr. TUNG Chee Chen, Independent Non-executive Director

Aged 61. Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and BOCHK. Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Orient Overseas (International) Limited.



Ambassador YANG Linda Tsao, Independent Non-executive Director Aged 77. Independent Non-executive Director and member of the Audit Committee of the Company and BOCHK. Chairman of the Asian Corporate Governance Association (ACGA).

SENIOR ADVISER TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mr. NEOH Anthony Francis, Senior Adviser

Aged 57. Senior Adviser to the Board of Directors of the Company and BOCHK, a nonexecutive position. Member of the Risk Management Committee. Chief Adviser to the China Securities Regulatory Commission. Queen's Counsel (now retitled Senior Counsel) since 1990.

OTHER SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Mr. ZHU Chi, Deputy Chief Executive

Aged 49. Deputy Chief Executive responsible for the business planning and finance strategic business unit of the Group. Also currently in charge of the corporate banking and treasury strategic business unit of BOCHK. General Manager of BOC, Macau Branch from 1998 to 2001. Deputy Chief Executive of BOC Hong Kong-Macau Regional Office from 1998 to 2001. Director of The Community Chest of Hong Kong. Member of Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce Investment Sub-Committee.



Mr. DING Yansheng, Deputy Chief Executive

Aged 50. Deputy Chief Executive responsible for the business support services strategic business unit of the Group. General Manager of the Human Resources Department of BOCHK. General Manager of the Human Resources Department of BOC from 1997 to 2001. Director of BOCI from 2000 to 2001.



Mr. LAM Yim Nam, Deputy Chief Executive

Aged 51. Deputy Chief Executive responsible for the retail banking strategic business unit of the Group and General Manager of the Retail Banking Department of BOCHK. Director of BOC-CC. Deputy General Manager of the Kwangtung Provincial Bank, Hong Kong Branch from 1989 to 1998.



Mr. LAW Man Wah, Chief Financial Officer

Aged 52. Chief Financial Officer of the Group and General Manager of the Finance Department of BOCHK. Director of Nanyang. Deputy General Manager of Nanyang from 1992 to 2001.



Mr. MAO Xiaowei, Chief Risk Officer

Aged 51. Chief Risk Officer of the Group and General Manager of the Risk Management Department of BOCHK. Secretary of the Risk Management Committee. Director of Nanyang and Chiyu. General Manager of the Business Department of BOC Hong Kong-Macau Regional Office from 1999 to 2001. Chairman of the restructuring office of the Bank of China Group in Hong Kong from January 2000 to September 2001.



Mr. YEUNG Jason Chi Wai, Company Secretary

Aged 49. Company Secretary of the Company and BOCHK and Head of Investor Relations of the Group. Former General Counsel and Director of China Everbright Limited and partner of Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo. Member of the Legal Committee of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors are pleased to present their report together with the Summary Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of banking and related financial services. An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business segments is set out in Note 8 to the Summary Financial Statements.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated profit and loss account on page 66.

The Board has recommended a final dividend of HK\$0.320 per ordinary share, amounting to approximately HK\$3,383 million, subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on Friday, 21 May 2004. If approved, the final dividend will be paid on Tuesday, 25 May 2004 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Wednesday, 19 May 2004. Together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.195 per share declared in September 2003, the total dividend payout for 2003 would be HK\$0.515 per share.

Closure of Register of Members

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed, for the purpose of determining shareholders' entitlement to the final dividend, from Wednesday, 12 May 2004 to Wednesday, 19 May 2004 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to rank for the final dividend, shareholders should ensure that all transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, are lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, 11 May 2004.

Reserves

Details of the reserves of the Group are set out in Note 7 to the Summary Financial Statements.

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to $\mathsf{HK}\$4,678,000.$

Fixed Assets

Details of the movements in fixed assets of the Group are set out in Note 4 to the Summary Financial Statements.

Distributable Reserves

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2003, calculated under section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, amounted to approximately HK\$4,058 million.

Five-Year Financial Summary

A summary of results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years is set out on page 2.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Shares

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

Share Options

Pursuant to written resolutions of all the Company's shareholders passed on 10 July 2002, the Company has approved and adopted two share option schemes, namely, the Share

Option Scheme and the Sharesave Plan. In connection with its listing on the Stock Exchange, the Company has undertaken to the Stock Exchange that for a period of six months from its listing i.e. until 25 January 2003, the Company shall not, among other things, grant or offer or agree to grant options over any shares without the prior consent of the Stock Exchange. No options have been granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme or the Sharesave Plan during the year.

The following is a summary of the Share Option Scheme and the Sharesave Plan disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules:

	Share Option Scheme	Sharesave Plan
Purpose of the scheme	To provide the participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company, to attract and retain the best available personnel, to encourage and motivate the participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares, to allow the participants to participate in the growth of the Company and to align the interests of the shareholders and the participants.	To encourage broad-based employee ownership of the Company's shares, to increase employee awareness and participation in the Company's share price performance, to provide employees with an additional vehicle for asset accumulation and to align the interests of all employees with those of the Company's shareholders.
Participants of the scheme	Subject to compliance with applicable laws, full-time or part-time employee, executive or officer of the Group, executive or non- executive, officer or the Group, or full-time or part-time employee, executive, officer or director of BOC or any of its subsidiaries serving as a member of any committee of the Group.	Employee, executive, officer or director of the Group, having such qualifying period of service (if any) as the Board may determine from time to time and not having been granted any options under the Share Option Scheme.
Total number of shares available for issue under the scheme and percentage of issued share capital as at 31 December 2003	The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme, the Sharesave Plan and any other share option schemes and savings-based share option plans of any company in the Group (the "Other Schemes and Plans") shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue on 10 July 2002, that is, 1,057,278,026 shares.	Same as Share Option Scheme.
Maximum entitlement of each participant under the scheme	The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted and to be granted to any one participant under the Share Option Scheme and the Other Schemes and Plans (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any twelve-month period up to and including the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue from time to time.	The maximum number of shares (rounded down to the next whole number) which can be paid for at the exercise price with monies equal to the aggregate of the savings contributions the participant has undertaken to make by the Maturity Date (defined as below) and interest which may be accrued thereon. Provided that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted and to be granted to any one participant under the Sharesave Plan and the Other Schemes and Plans (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any twelve-month period up to and including the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue from time to time. The amount of the monthly contribution to be made by a participant's monthly salary or such other maximum or minimum amounts as permitted by the Board.
The period within which the shares must be taken up under an option	Such period as shall be prescribed by the directors and specified in the letter of offer.	The thirty day period (excluding the anniversary days) immediately after the first and second anniversary days from the date of grant or such other date as determined by the Board, or the thirty day period immediately after the third anniversary of the date of grant or such other date as determined by the Board (the "Maturity Date"), or such other period(s) as may be determined by the Board.
The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised	Such minimum period as shall be prescribed by the directors and specified in the letter of offer.	One year.
(a) The amount payable on acceptance of the option	(a) HK\$1.00	(a) HK\$1.00
 (b) The period within which payments or calls must or may be made 	(b) Payment or an undertaking to make payment on demand of the Company must be received by the Company within the period open for acceptance as set out in the letter of offer which shall not be less than 7 days after the offer date.	(b) Payment or an undertaking to make payment on demand of the Company must be received by the Company not later than the date specified in the letter of invitation as the directors may determine.
(c) The period within which loans for such purposes must be repaid	(c) Not applicable.	(c) Not applicable.
The basis of determining the exercise price	 The exercise price is determined on the date of grant by the directors and shall not be less than the highest of: (a) the nominal value of the Company's shares; (b) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (c) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant. 	Same as Share Option Scheme.
The remaining life of the scheme	The Share Option Scheme shall remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the first day of dealings in the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange which was 25 July 2002.	The Sharesave Plan shall remain in force for a period of ten years after the date of approval and adoption of the Sharesave Plan by the Company's shareholders which was 10 July 2002.

Please refer to the section "Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares" for details of the options granted by BOC (BVI) over shares of the Company pursuant to the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme.

Directors

The present directors of the Company are set out on page 37.

On 28 May 2003, Mr. Xiao Gang replaced Mr. Liu Mingkang as Chairman of the Company and Mr. He Guangbei replaced Mr. Liu Jinbao as Vice Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive of the Company. Further, on 11 July 2003, Mr. Chia Pei-yuan resigned as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and on 12 November 2003, Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. On 2 February 2004, Mr. Ping Yue resigned as Non-executive Director of the Company.

Article 103 of the Company's Articles of Association provides that any director appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company, but shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Accordingly, Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao, being director so appointed, shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer herself for re-election.

Further, in accordance with Article 98 of the Company's Articles of Association, one-third of the directors or the nearest number to but not exceeding one-third of the directors shall retire from office and be eligible for re-election. However, Chairman, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive are not subject to retirement by rotation. Accordingly, Messrs. Zhou Zaiqun and Tung Chee Chen shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The term of office for each Non-executive Director is three years from the date of his/her appointment.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Biographical details of the directors and senior management are set out on pages 39 to 43 of this Summary Financial Report.

Directors' Service Contracts

No director offering for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation other than the normal statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance

No contracts of significance, in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its holding companies or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

On 5 July 2002, the following directors were granted options by BOC (BVI), the immediate holding company of the Company, pursuant to a Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme to purchase from BOC (BVI) an aggregate of 13,737,000 existing issued shares of the Company at a price of HK\$8.50 per share. The option shares represent approximately 0.13% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of grant and as at 31 December 2003. None of these options may be exercised within one year from 25 July 2002. These options have a vesting period of four years from 25 July 2002 with a valid exercise period of ten years. 25% of the number of shares subject to such options will vest at the end of each year. No offer to grant any options under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme may be made on or after 25 July 2002, the date on which dealings in the Company's shares commenced on the Stock Exchange.

						Number of	share options		
	Date of grant	Exercise price (HK\$)	Exercisable Period	Granted on 5 July 2002	Balances as at 1 January 2003	Exercised during the year	Surrendered during the year	Lapsed during the year	Balances as at 31 December 2003
SUN Changji	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,590,600	1,590,600	-	-	-	1,590,600
HE Guangbei	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
HUA Qingshan	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
LI Zaohang	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
ZHOU Zaiqun	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
ZHANG Yanling	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
LIU Mingkang*	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,735,200	1,735,200	-	1,735,200	-	-
LIU Jinbao*	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,735,200	1,735,200	-	-	-	1,735,200
PING Yue**	5 July 2002	8.50	25 July 2003 to 4 July 2012	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	-	-	1,446,000
Total:				13,737,000	13,737,000	-	1,735,200	-	12,001,800

Particulars of the options granted to the directors under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme are set out below:

* Resigned with effect from 28 May 2003.

** Resigned with effect from 2 February 2004

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2003, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies.

Directors' Interests in Competing Business

Save and except the Independent Non-executive Directors, all other directors are also directors of BOC, the ultimate holding company of the Company, at the same time. BOC is a stateowned commercial bank in the Mainland of China and provides a full range of commercial banking and other financial services through its associates throughout the world. Certain of the Group's operations overlap with and/or are complementary to those of BOC and its associates. To the extent that BOC or its associates compete with the Group, the directors believe that the Group's interests are adequately protected by adhering to good corporate governance practices and the involvement of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors is interested in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business.

Substantial Interests in Share Capital

The register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO recorded that, as at 31 December 2003, the following corporations had the following interests (as defined in the SFO) in the Company:

		Name of Corporation	
	BOC	BOCHKG	BOC (BVI)
Aggregate long position in shares and underlying shares % of total issued shares of the Company Capacity in which such interests are held	7,004,340,277 66.25% Through controlled corporation (Notes 1, 2 and 3)	6,961,755,277 65.85% Through controlled corporation (Note 1)	6,961,755,277 65.85% Held 6,959,753,556 shares as beneficial owner Held 2,001,721 shares through controlled corporation (Note 4)
 Nature of such interests Interests in shares Interests under equity derivatives Cash settled Physically settled 	6,986,155,277 10,000,000 8,185,000	6,961,755,277 _ _	6,961,755,277

Notes:

- 1. BOC holds the entire issued share capital of BOCHKG which in turn holds the entire issued share capital of BOC (BVI). Accordingly, BOC and BOCHKG are deemed to have the same interests in the Company as BOC (BVI) for the purpose of the SFO.
- 2. BOC holds the entire issued share capital of BOC Investment which in turn holds 94.5% of the issued share capital of BOC Insurance which in turn holds the entire issued share capital of BOC Life. Accordingly, for the purpose of the SFO, BOC is deemed to have the same interests in the Company as BOC Insurance and BOC Life, each of which had an interest in 5,700,000 shares of the Company.
- 3. BOC holds the entire issued share capital of BOCI which in turn holds the entire issued share capital of BOCI Financial Products Limited. Accordingly, BOC is deemed to have the same interests in the Company as BOCI Financial Products Limited which had an interest in 13,000,000 shares of the Company and an interest in 18,185,000 shares under equity derivatives of which an interest in 10,000,000 shares is cash settled and an interest in 18,5000 shares is not sate is provided which and an interest in 18,185,000 shares is not sate is not sate in the Company and an interest in 18,185,000 shares is not sate is
- 18,185,000 shares under equity derivatives of which an interest in 10,000,000 shares is cash settled and an interest in 8,185,000 shares is physically settled.
 BOC (BVI) holds 93.64% of the issued share capital of Hua Chiao which is in members' voluntary winding-up and Hua Chiao had an interest in 2,001,721 shares of the Company.

All the interests stated above represented long positions. Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2003, no other interests or short positions were recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Pursuant to a placing agreement dated 15 December 2003, BOC (BVI) sold 1,070,000,000 shares of the Company (approximately 10.12% of the Company's issued share capital) to independent investors at a price of HK\$13.70 per share. Upon completion of the placing, BOC's shareholding in the Company was reduced to 66.25% and the Company's public shareholding was increased to 33.75%. The placing was completed on 18 December 2003.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Major Customers

During the year, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the total of interest income and other operating income of the Group.

Connected Transactions

The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the transactions for which the Stock Exchange has granted a waiver and confirmed that these transactions were:

- (i) entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) conducted either on normal commercial terms or, if there were not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they were on normal commercial terms, were on terms that were fair and reasonable so far as the Company's shareholders are concerned;
- (iii) entered into either in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing such transactions or (where there were no such agreements) on terms no less favourable than those available to or from independent third parties, as applicable; and

(iv) in each case where an annual cap had been agreed with the Stock Exchange, such caps were not exceeded.

Audit Committee and Compliance Committee

The Audit Committee consists of five Non-executive Directors, four of whom, including the chairman, are Independent Non-executive Directors. The members of the Audit Committee are: Mr. Shan Weijian (Chairman), Dr. Fung Victor Kwok King, Mr. Tung Chee Chen, Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao and Mr. Zhou Zaiqun. In addition to assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities, the functions of the Audit Committee also include reviewing significant accounting policies and supervising the Company's financial reporting process; monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting requirements, legal and regulatory requirements, and internal rules and procedures approved by the Board. The Head of the Audit Department reports directly to the Board and to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has set up the Compliance Committee, which consists of six members, all of whom are experienced professionals in the legal or accounting fields. The members of the Committee are: Ms. Wang Qi (Chairman), Mr. Yeung Jason Chi Wai (Vice Chairman), Ms. Liu Yanfen, Mr. Chen Xiaoxin, Mr. Chiu Ming Wah and Mr. Wang Andrew Wei Hung. The Compliance Committee is responsible for monitoring the Company's legal and compliance matters and reporting to the Audit Committee in this respect.

Budgetary Discipline and Reporting

The annual budget of the Group is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors prior to its implementation by the Management. Financial and business targets are allocated to departments and subsidiaries. There are defined procedures for the appraisal, review and approval of major capital and recurrent expenditures. Proposed significant expenditures outside the approved budget will be referred to the Board or the relevant Board committee for decision. Results of operations against budget will be reported quarterly to the Board and the Audit Committee. If there are significant changes in relation to the operations, a revised budget will be submitted to the Board for review in a timely manner.

Compliance with the Guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions"

The Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003 fully comply with the requirements set out in the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA.

Compliance with the Code of Best Practice of the Listing Rules

The directors confirm that the Company has complied with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the year.

Auditors

The Accounts have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for their reappointment as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board



XIAO Gang Chairman Hong Kong, 22 March 2004

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We believe sound corporate governance is crucial to our development in the long term and we aspire to the highest standards of governance. Our governance policy and practices embody a high degree of transparency, responsibility and accountability. To safeguard the interests of shareholders, customers, staff and other stakeholders, we are committed to embracing international best practices and, as a listed financial institution in Hong Kong, complying with the guidelines and rules of the HKMA and the Stock Exchange.

Governance Structure

Our governance structure is one that is overseen by the Board, with special emphasis on the supervisory role of the Independent Non-executive Directors. At the same time, it also clearly separates the roles and responsibilities of the Board and the Management.

The Board forms the core of our governance structure. It is primarily responsible for formulating the Group's long-term development strategies and plans as well as setting business targets. It takes care of the selection, evaluation and remuneration of the senior management. It also provides guidance and supervision to the Management.

Under the Board, there are three standing committees, namely, Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee, and Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The committees perform distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference and assist the Board in supervising the performance of the Management.

The Management answers to the Board and is responsible for implementing the business strategies and plans agreed by the Board and running the Group on a daily basis. It reports to the Board on both a regular and a needs-be basis on matters relating to the performance of the Group.

The Board is headed by the Chairman whereas the Management is headed by the Chief Executive. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive are clearly separated.

Under this governance structure, all major transactions, acquisitions, investments and disposals of assets must be reviewed and approved by the Board. The Board also reviews and approves the Group's annual budget and business plans.

The Board

The composition of the Board is such that Non-executive Directors form the majority in order to ensure the highest degree of impartiality and objectivity of the Board in supervising the Management.

As at the end of 2003, the Board comprised 12 Directors, of whom four were Independent Non-executive Directors, seven were Non-executive Directors and one was Executive Director. In addition, the Board is assisted by a highly experienced and reputable person as its Senior Adviser. The Senior Adviser is invited to attend Board meetings and give objective advice to the Board. The term of appointment of the Non-executive Directors and the Senior Adviser is three years from the date of appointment. For detailed information regarding the Directors, please refer to the "Board of Directors and Senior Management" section of this Summary Financial Report.

The following changes occurred in the composition of the Board since the last summary financial report:

On 28 May 2003, Chairman Liu Mingkang and Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Liu Jinbao resigned from the Board. On the same day, Mr. Xiao Gang was appointed Chairman and Mr. He Guangbei Vice Chairman and Chief Executive.

On 11 July 2003, Independent Non-executive Director Chia Pei-yuan resigned from the Board for personal reasons.

On 12 November 2003, Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao was appointed Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Board with immediate effect.

On 2 February 2004, Non-executive Director Ping Yue retired from the Board.

To enhance the independence and impartiality of the Board, we will consider appointing more Independent Non-executive Directors.

Except for the Independent Non-executive Directors and Senior Adviser, all the Directors of the Board are also members of the Board of BOC, the Company's ultimate holding company. Mr. Xiao Gang and Mr. Sun Changji are also the Chairman and Vice Chairman of BOC respectively.

The Board held five meetings during 2003. Individual attendance records are as follows:

	Number of board	
Director/Senior Adviser	meetings attended	Attendance rate
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. XIAO Gang (Chairman) (Note 1)	4 out of 4	100%
Mr. SUN Changji (Vice Chairman) (Note 2)	4 out of 5	80%
Mr. PING Yue (Note 3)	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. HUA Qingshan (Note 4)	4 out of 5	80%
Mr. LI Zaohang	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun (Note 5)	3 out of 5	60%
Ms. ZHANG Yanling	5 out of 5	100%
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. SHAN Weijian	5 out of 5	100%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	5 out of 5	100%
Ambassador YANG Linda Tsao (Note 6)	0 out of 1	0%
Executive Director		
Mr. HE Guangbei (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive) (Note 7)	5 out of 5	100%
Senior Adviser		
Mr. NEOH Anthony Francis	5 out of 5	100%

Notes:

1. Mr. Xiao was appointed Director and Chairman of the Board in May 2003.

2. Mr. Sun could not attend the meeting on 17 June 2003 for business reasons.

3. Mr. Ping retired from the Board with effect from 2 February 2004.

4. Mr. Hua could not attend the meeting on 1 December 2003 for business reasons.

5. Mr. Zhou could not attend the two meetings in May and June for health reasons.

6. Ambassador Yang was appointed to the Board in November 2003. She could not attend the meeting on 1 December due to family bereavement.

7. Mr. He was appointed Vice Chairman and Chief Executive in May 2003.

The Board Committees

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists only of Non-executive Directors, the majority of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors. It is chaired by Independent Non-executive Director Mr. Shan Weijian.

Based on the principle of independence, the Audit Committee assists the Board in monitoring the financial reports, internal control, internal audit and external audit of the Group.

The Committee held 11 meetings during the year. Individual Directors' attendance records are as follows:

Director (Note 1)	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. SHAN Weijian (Chairman)	11 out of 11	100%
Mr. PING Yue (Note 2)	11 out of 11	100%
Mr. ZHOU Zaiqun (Note 3)	2 out of 11	18%
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	11 out of 11	100%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	11 out of 11	100%

Notes:

1. Ambassador Yang Linda Tsao was appointed Independent Non-executive Director of the Board in November 2003 and became a member of the Audit Committee on 30 January 2004.

2. Mr. Ping resigned from the Board and the Audit Committee on 2 February 2004.

3. Mr. Zhou could not attend nine of the meetings held between May and August 2003 for health reasons.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee is responsible for scrutinising, approving and monitoring the Group's risk management policies, procedures and execution. It also evaluates whether the Group's risk management is in line with the established strategies, policies and procedures.

Because the work of the Risk Management Committee is closely related to the Group's operation, we have initiated a number of reforms in 2003, with a view to increasing operational efficiency and mitigate the duplication of roles.

In September, the Risk Control Committee, previously under the Risk Management Committee, was dissolved. The Risk Management Committee was reconstituted to include only Non-executive Directors and the Senior Adviser. The Committee's chairman is Mr. Xiao Gang. The other members are Mr. Anthony Neoh, Mr. Hua Qingshan and Ms. Zhang Yanling. Having regard to the monitoring guidelines of the HKMA and with a view to enhancing corporate governance, we have ensured that the role of the Committee is more clearly defined and comprehensive.

We are pleased to report that after the above reforms, the Committee functions more efficiently and effectively than before, thus further enhancing our capabilities in risk control.

The Committee held four meetings during the year. Individual attendance records are as follows:

Director/Senior Adviser	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. XIAO Gang (Chairman) (Note 1)	3 out of 3	100%
Mr. NEOH Anthony Francis (Note 2)	3 out of 3	100%
Mr. HUA Qingshan	3 out of 4	75%
Ms. ZHANG Yanling	3 out of 4	75%

Notes:

1. Mr. Xiao was appointed Director and Chairman of the Board in May 2003 and Chairman of the Risk Management Committee in September 2003.

2. Mr. Neoh was appointed a member of the Committee in September 2003.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

In September 2003, the Board resolved to expand the terms of reference of the former Remuneration Committee and also renamed it Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in ensuring that the Group's human resources and remuneration policies as well as the selection of Directors and senior management are in line with the Group's overall development strategies.

The Committee now consists of five members, including Mr. Sun Changji, Vice Chairman of the Board, three Independent Non-executive Directors and one Non-executive Director. It met three times during 2003 and individual members' attendance records are as follows:

Director	Number of committee meetings attended	Attendance rate
Mr. SUN Changji (Chairman)	3 out of 3	100%
Mr. LI Zaohang	3 out of 3	100%
Dr. FUNG Victor Kwok King	1 out of 3	33%
Mr. SHAN Weijian	3 out of 3	100%
Mr. TUNG Chee Chen	3 out of 3	100%

Directors' Transactions

Based on the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, the Company has established and been implementing its own "Code for Securities Transactions by Directors" (the "Code"). The Code imposes stricter control than the Model Code on Director's securities transactions. The Company is not aware of any non-compliance with the Code in 2003.

Auditors' Fees

The Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003 were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers at a total fee of HK\$29 million that was approved by the Audit Committee and the Board.

The Group also paid PricewaterhouseCoopers a fee of HK\$9 million for non-audit services.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



Shareholders' Rights

The Company ensures that shareholders can enjoy the rights as prescribed in prevailing laws and regulations as well as the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, including but not limited to the following.

- Shareholders holding not less than 5 percent of the issued share capital of the Company may request the Board to call an extraordinary general meeting. The said request must be made in writing specifying the purpose of the meeting, signed by the party who makes the request and delivered to the Company's registered office.
- 2. The following persons (the "requisitionists") are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration by the shareholders at a general meeting :
 - (a) any shareholders holding together at least 2.5% of the Company's issued share capital; or
 - (b) any group of at least 50 shareholders holding together at least 20,000 shares of the Company.

The request must be made in writing, signed by the requisitionists and received by the Company not less than six weeks before the meeting if it is proposed to pass a resolution or not less than one week before the meeting in all other cases. The requisitionists must deposit a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in complying with such request.

Shareholders who have any questions for the Board may write to the Company Secretary. The address is 52nd Floor, Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



Disclosure and Investor Relations

As a listed company, we are in compliance with the requirements as stipulated in the laws and regulations of Hong Kong as well as the Listing Rules in connection with the disclosure of price sensitive information to enable the public to appraise the position of the Group. We also try to enhance such disclosure on a continuous basis.

During 2003, there was no major change to the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association. However, in order to bring the Company's Articles of Association in line with changes to the Companies Ordinance and amendments to the Listing Rules that came into effect in February and March 2004 respectively as well as the draft Code on Corporate Governance Practices released by the Stock Exchange in January 2004, the Directors propose to amend the Company's Articles of Association at the 2004 AGM. For details, please refer to the notice of the meeting.

As at 31 December 2003, the senior management (means those individuals whose biographical details are disclosed in this Summary Financial Report and includes the Chief Executive) has outstanding options to subscribe a total of 4,879,000 shares of the Company.

As at 31 December 2003, BOC was holding, through its subsidiaries, approximately 66.25% of the issued share capital of the Company. Other than BOC, we are not aware of any party that holds more than 5% of the Company's issued shares.

As at 31 December 2003, the number of shares held by the public was approximately 3,568 million or 33.75% of the issued share capital of the Company that was valued at HK\$52 billion (based on the closing price of HK\$14.60 on 31 December 2003).

The Company's first AGM after public listing was held on 29 May 2003. All the resolutions were passed by a large majority of votes at the meeting.

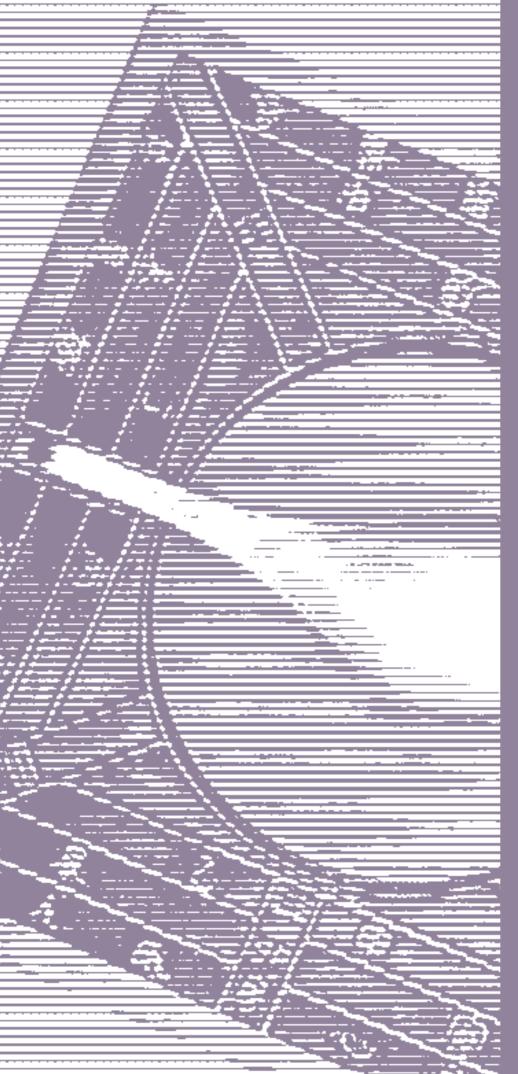
Project Tian Xing Jian and Enhancement of Corporate Governance

In June 2003, the Board set up a Special Committee to undertake a comprehensive review of the credit approval process, risk management and corporate governance of the Group in light of a loan to New Nongkai Global Investments Limited in 2002. The members of the Special Committee included the Senior Adviser to the Board and two Independent Non-executive Directors. The audit firms of KPMG and Moores Rowland were engaged to conduct the review and a specialist from overseas was appointed to give expert advice. The Special Committee's review was completed and its full report published in September 2003.

Based on the recommendations of the Special Committee, we soon launched Project Tian Xing Jian that aims at improving the Group's systems and mechanisms relating to top-level control, credit risk management and control, interest risk management, legal and compliance, internal control and so on.

Ensuring good corporate governance is our strategic goal and continuous task. Project Tian Xing Jian gives us an excellent opportunity to conduct an internal review and improve ourselves further. In the coming year, we will continue to implement the Project and enhance the Group's corporate governance in accordance with established regulations, guidelines and international best practices, with special emphasis on enhancing the Board's functions, building a corporate culture and perfecting information disclosure. As Project Tian Xing Jian continues to make progress, we believe we can attain higher standards in our corporate governance.





FOCUSED DIRECTION

Ancient Compass 司南

The forerunner of compasses today, a significant contribution China made to modern civilization

OUR PEOPLE



The Group recognises the significant role employees play in the Group's business development and growth. Value can only be created for customers and shareholders by well-trained and motivated staff working in a stimulating and rewarding environment. Employee productivity gains have been made by optimising human resources and driving organisational change, in addition to achieving greater operational efficiency through effective resource allocation. Apart from upgrading the quality of staff, the Group has developed a set of coherent corporate values with a customer-centric approach in alignment with the Group's business goals. It aims to build an energetic, enthusiastic and professional team with the fostering of a new corporate culture, the establishment of a good incentive and performance measurement system plus comprehensive training programmes, and by creating a transparent working environment that facilitates effective communications.

Restructure Remuneration Programmes and Improve Appraisal System

In line with the Group's strategy, we continued to devote considerable effort to restructuring staff remuneration and establishing a more competitive remuneration policy in 2003. This aims to effectively motivate, retain and attract talent. In preparation for the launch of the new task-based remuneration system, the Group used representative and scientific job evaluation tools to enhance organisational structure and job design, as well as re-define job responsibilities.

Staff are motivated towards achieving the goal of maximising shareholder value. Following recommendations by external consultants and in accordance with the best market practices, the Group continues its strategy of linking performance to reward. Hence, various incentives plans were implemented in 2003, including a bonus allocation programme tied to the overall performance of the Group, departmental operations and individuals. During the year, the *Sales Incentive Scheme for Retail Banking Business* was put into effect. The Group also reviewed overall incentive policy in order to further improve the existing annual bonus plan and other specific incentive schemes.

OUR PEOPLE



In relation to the *Pre-listing Share Option Scheme*, a long-term incentive scheme rolled out during the Group's IPO in July 2002, a portion of the options granted was exercised in 2003.

To lift staff performance levels and foster an achievement-oriented culture, the Group thoroughly studied a performance-based management system utilising advanced appraisal techniques, which is scheduled to be implemented in 2004. The new system will emphasise a process of defining job objectives, reviewing and appraising performance to ensure that personal performance goals are aligned with the long-term objectives of the Group.

Enhance Staff Training and Recruitment

In 2003, the Group's Training and Development Centre offered approximately 1,000 courses, and had accepted more than 60,000 staff enrollments. Staff members at every level are required to attend compliance training classes. This is to ensure that staff from various departments are well aware of the necessary compliance procedures and kept abreast of the latest information. Furthermore, a series of sales and service training programmes was rolled out to branches during the year, effectively enhancing the quality of service at branches and the marketing skills of front-line staff. To encourage self-development and enhance the professionalism of senior executives, the Group designed and organised a number of training workshops on legal and compliance, corporate governance, corporate culture, service excellence and team building.

The Group successfully launched its elearning management-training programme, which promotes lifelong learning and enables staff to learn anytime, anywhere. Helping staff to continually upgrade their skills, the programme raises the quality of the Group's existing human resources and adapts to future business needs.

The Group recruited university undergraduates by conducting a sixmonth tailor-made staff orientation programmes twice during the year. Other high calibre candidates were also hired through various channels, including international consulting firms, with senior management vacancies being filled by experienced professionals.

Professional assessment tests were used to screen candidates during the recruitment process. Through an internet-based platform, more efficient and accessible tools were used to identify suitable candidates.

Increase Effectiveness of Communication Channels to Strengthen Employee Relations

The Group values its relationship with its staff. During the year, it collected employee opinions through a variety of channels — meetings at the branch and division levels, visits by the management to branches, and a staff opinion survey — to enhance communications between management and staff. In addition, staff are encouraged to make suggestions on how to improve policies and procedures, bank operations and management, with the aim to enhance overall efficiency.

During the year, the contributions and achievements of staff were recognised at the BOCHK Distinguished Awards Presentation Ceremony 2002. There were 859 staff members and 35 departmental units that received outstanding performance awards. The Group also promotes employee relations through other activities, such as bowling and other various sports tournaments. Staff are encouraged to join charitable activities; some 2,200 joined the Walk for Millions in the New Territories and more than 1,000 participated in the BOCHK Walkalong for Light. In 2003, it was estimated that more than 4,500 staff joined charitable and volunteer activities in different sectors of the society.

GOOD CORPORATE CITIZENSHIP





As a leading banking group in Hong Kong and an active member of the community, the Group participates in and supports numerous social and community activities in Hong Kong, Macau and the Mainland of China. Through the co-operation with BOCHK Charitable Foundation (the "Charitable Foundation"), the Group has supported and pioneered a number of charitable activities related to education and training, medical and health, sports and recreation, environmental protection, social welfare and assistance to the needy.

Combating SARS

During the early part of the year, particularly from March to May, Hong Kong was adversely affected by the SARS outbreak. The Group was committed to caring for and protecting the health of 13,000 staff while providing services to customers in a quality hygienic environment. At the same time, joining hands with the whole society in the prevention and combat of SARS became a top priority for the Charitable Foundation. It helped the Hong Kong Red Cross prepare precautionary health packs and care packages for senior citizens living alone. Together with the School of Chinese Medicine of the Hong Kong Baptist University, it made 21,000 packets of Chinese medicine for the frontline medical staff of United Christian Hospital and Our Lady Hospital. The Charitable Foundation also sponsored the Charity Gala Dinner Show *Take Off with Hong Kong* to boost spirits during this trying time.

Promoting Public Health

With donations from the Charitable Foundation, the Hong Kong Baptist University Bank of China (Hong Kong) Chinese Medicines Centre was set up to help the research and development of Chinese medicine and pave the way for the standardisation and modernisation of Chinese medicine. The Centre displays more than 1,000 pieces of rare plant and animal specimens, some of which are categorised as national treasures. The establishment of the Centre no doubt creates favourable conditions for the research and analysis of Chinese medicine. Resources are now available for teaching and research purposes, and a reference library is open to help the general public identify Chinese herbs and differentiate between counterfeit and genuine Chinese herbs.

Promoting Harmony

Introspective of SARS, the society is placing greater importance on health and family. To promote harmony and in support of stronger family relationships, the Charitable Foundation organised *BOCHK Family Fun Day*, held on the Father's Day in 2003 immediately after the SARS outbreak. An event meant for the expression of love and thanks to fathers, it also raised funds for Yan Chai Hospital.

In mid-2003, the Charitable Foundation organised the second annual *Bank of China (Hong Kong) Badminton Doubles League Family Fun Day,* at which parents and children had the opportunity to participate as a team. The Fun Day was a popular event and it saw the number of families participating triple from 2002.

The Group encourages young people to contribute to society during the summer holidays, and the Charitable Foundation once again supported the *BOC Dynamic Teams of Love and Care Campaign*. With exposure to four types of volunteer service, participants raised the level of volunteer spirit and gained experience in serving the society.

Building a Greener Future

Every citizen has the responsibility to contribute to building a *Green Hong Kong.* SARS reminded us of the importance of a clean environment. Meanwhile, the Group continues to place a priority on the promotion of environmental awareness amongst the



The skillful athletes of the Inter-school Sports Competition endeavoured to make records

younger generation. The Charitable Foundation has sponsored the *Hong Kong Green School Award* for four consecutive years, to foster a sense of caring for the environment among primary and secondary students. It has also committed to the sponsorship of the first and second *Hong Kong Green Pre-School Award*, with the aim to enhance environmental education among pre-school students. The number of participating schools has increased year to year, with nearly 200 schools joining the campaign in 2003.

The Charitable Foundation sponsored the *Renewable Energy Programme*, initiated by the Better Environment Hong Kong Association to study the feasibility of converting organic and chemical wastes into diesel.

Nurturing Our Future Pillars

Education of the younger generation is a cornerstone for the future development of our society, and it has become a key sponsorship area for the Charitable Foundation. During the year, the Charitable Foundation continued to provide scholarships and bursaries to the University of Hong Kong, Chinese University of Hong Kong, University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong Polytechnic University, City University, Baptist University, City University, Baptist University, Lingnan University, the Open University, Shue Yan College and the Hong Kong Institute of Education. By the end of 2003, a total of 616 students have been benefited from our tertiary education scholarships and bursaries.

Supporting Sports Development and Recreation

Promotion of sports is good for public health. To further support the development of the sport of badminton locally, the Charitable Foundation has been sponsoring the *Hong Kong Badminton Promotion Scheme* since 1999, with total participants in the Scheme reaching 220,000 by the end of 2003. The

Charitable Foundation also organised the Bank of China (Hong Kong) Badminton Ambassadors School Roving Demonstration for primary and secondary schools. Since its formation, the ambassador teams have visited 14 schools and reached out to 2,800 students. Featuring a wide range of activities to promote the sport of badminton, the programme has been well received by the youngsters in Hong Kong.

The Group supported youth sports development in a broader scope with sponsorship of The Inter-school Sports Competition — Hong Kong Island and Kowloon Secondary Schools Region, the largest school sports competition of its kind in Hong Kong. Amongst the event's activities, the BOCHK Bauhinia Bowls Award recognises the most outstanding students in sport. The Charitable Foundation established a new award in 2003, the Outstanding Athlete Award, for the young athletes with the most remarkable performance in each one of the 41 categories of sports. More than 250 schools and 37,000 athletes participated in the competition during the year.

In addition to sports projects, the Charitable Foundation sponsored the Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra's 2003/2004 Season's Opening, *Music Addition*, to help enrich cultural life. It also donated HK\$500,000 to the China Space Foundation to support China space research and development, following the successful launch of China's first manned spaceship in mid-October and the visit of the manned space mission to Hong Kong in early November.

Contributing to the Society

In early 2003, the Charitable Foundation participated in the *Walk for Millions in the New Territories* followed by its donation of \$100 and \$500 banknotes from the new series to The Community Chest in support of services for the disabled in November 2003. The Charitable Foundation also helped set up a brand new fund, The *Community Chest BOCHK Rainbow Fund*, with donations of HK\$1 million. The fund provides emergency relief to the needy.

Our sponsorship of the *Let There Be Light* charity walk organised by the Hong Kong Society for the Blind raised funds for rehabilitation services for the visually impaired and the blind in Hong Kong.

In 2003, the Charitable Foundation continued to sponsor the *BOCHK Walkalong for Light* by Lifeline Express. This charity walk aims to raise funds for free medical treatment provided to blind cataracts patients in the remote areas of the Mainland of China. Over HK\$3 million was raised in this activity. More than 1,000 employees from BOCHK joined thousands of citizens in the Walk.

The Charitable Foundation also continues to sponsor fund-raising events organised by local charitable institutions. To name just a few, donations were made to the Tung Wah Group of Hospital's annual Charity Gala Show, serving as the Diamond Sponsor for the sixth consecutive year under the Annual Diamond Sponsor Scheme of Po Leung Kuk, as well as attending the Pok Oi Hospital's television fund-raising events. In 2003, the Charitable Foundation assisted six charitable organisations by enclosing 2.09 million appeal leaflets and pamphlets in BOCHK's bank statement inserts. These generated positive responses from our broad customer base.



Bank of China (Hong Kong) Badminton Family Fun Day, organised to promote harmonious family relationships, has been enthusiastically received



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CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December

	2003 HK\$'m	As restated 2002 HK\$'m
Interest income	17,759	21,463
Interest expense	(4,885)	(7,521)
Net interest income	12,874	13,942
Other operating income	4,379	4,172
Operating income	17,253	18,114
Operating expenses	(5,658)	(6,025)
Operating profit before provisions	11,595	12,089
Charge for bad and doubtful debts	(1,671)	(2,855)
Operating profit after provisions	9,924	9,234
Net loss from disposal/revaluation of fixed assets	(1,121)	(1,032)
Write-back of provision/(provision) for impairment on held-to-maturity securities and investment securities Net loss on disposal of a subsidiary	30 (1)	(7)
Provision for impairment on investments in associates	(132)	(27)
Share of profits less losses of associates	(9)	(100)
Profit before taxation	8,691	8,068
Taxation	(589)	(1,154)
Profit after taxation	8,102	6,914
Minority interests	(139)	(127)
Profit attributable to shareholders	7,963	6,787
Dividends	5,445	4,208
	нк\$	HK\$
Earnings per share	0.7532	0.6419

The notes on pages 68 to 79 form part of these Summary Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December

	2003 HK\$'m	As restated 2002 HK\$'m
ASSETS		
Cash and short-term funds	134,106	115,075
Placements with banks and other financial institutions maturing between one and twelve months	78,240	80,159
Trade bills	691	592
Certificates of deposit held	18,776	17,528
Hong Kong SAR Government certificates of indebtedness	31,460	29,110
Held-to-maturity securities	101,065	94,227
Investment securities	53	46
Other investments in securities	71,400	64,360
Advances and other accounts	300,094	308,332
Investments in associates	278	483
Fixed assets	17,582	20,212
Other assets	8,842	5,412
Total assets	762,587	735,536
LIABILITIES		
Hong Kong SAR currency notes in circulation	31,460	29,110
Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions	41,347	29,957
Deposits from customers	600,642	600,977
Certificates of deposit issued	2,432	-
Other accounts and provisions	25,289	17,707
Total liabilities	701,170	677,751
CAPITAL RESOURCES		
Minority interests	1,156	1,114
Share capital	52,864	52,864
Reserves	7,397	3,807
Shareholders' funds	60,261	56,671
Total capital resources	61,417	57,785
Total liabilities and capital resources	762,587	735,536

The notes on pages 68 to 79 form part of these Summary Financial Statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2004 and signed on behalf of the Board by:

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XIAO Gang Director

mail-

HE Guangbei Director

NOTES TO THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These Summary Financial Statements have been prepared from the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003.

The Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain investments in securities, off-balance sheet financial instruments, premises and investment properties, and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with the SSAPs issued by the HKSA. In addition, the Accounts comply fully with the requirements set out in the guideline on "Financial Disclosure by Locally Incorporated Authorized Institutions" under the Supervisory Policy Manual issued by the HKMA. The Accounts also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange.

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the Accounts are consistent with those used in the preparation of the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2002. In the current year, the Group has adopted SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes" issued by the HKSA, which is effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2003.

The significant impact of adopting this SSAP has been shown on the respective notes.

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the consolidated profit attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2003 of approximately HK\$7,963 million (2002: HK\$6,787 million, as restated) and on the ordinary shares in issue of 10,572,780,266 shares (2002: 10,572,780,266 ordinary shares).

There was no dilution of earnings per share as no potential ordinary shares were in issue for the year ended 31 December 2003 (2002: Nil).

3. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

Details of the emoluments paid and payable to the directors of the Company in respect of their services rendered for managing the subsidiaries within the Group during the year are as follows:

	2003 HK\$′m	2002 HK\$'m
Fees Other emoluments for executive directors	2	3
- basic salaries and allowances	4	4
- discretionary bonuses	-	1
 others (including benefits in kind) 	1	-
	7	8

3. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

Emoluments of the directors were within the following bands:

	Number of directors	
	2003	2002
Up to HK\$1,000,000	13	12
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	1	-
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	1	-
HK\$5,000,001 – HK\$5,500,000	-	1

The aggregate amount of emoluments paid to the Independent Non-executive Directors during the year was HK\$700,000 (2002 : HK\$800,000).

In July 2002, options were granted to several directors of the Company by the immediate holding company, BOC (BVI), under the Pre-Listing Share Option Scheme. During the year, no options were exercised and no benefits arising from the granting of these share options were included in the directors' emoluments disclosed above or recognised in the profit and loss account.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include 1 director (2002: 1) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining 4 individuals (2002: 4) during the year are as follows:

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
Basic salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses Others (including pension contributions)	9 1 1	9 1 1
	11	11

Emoluments of individuals were within the following bands:

	Number of i	Number of individuals		
	2003	2002		
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000 HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001 – HK\$3,500,000	1 2 1	_ 2 2		

During the year, no director waived any emoluments and the Group has not paid any emoluments to the directors or any of the 5 highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

4. FIXED ASSETS

			2003		
	Premises HK\$'m	Investment properties HK\$'m		Equipment, fixtures and fittings HK\$'m	Total HK\$'m
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2003	13,445	5,725	39	3,524	22,733
Additions	-	27	-	342	369
Disposals	(312)		-	(269)	(1,316)
Disposal of a subsidiary	(160)		-	(1)	(161)
Revaluation Reclassification	(994) (347)		_	_	(1,364)
Reclassification	(547)	547			
At 31 December 2003	11,632	4,994	39	3,596	20,261
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses					
At 1 January 2003	2	-	7	2,512	2,521
Depreciation for the year	372	-	-	239	611
Disposals Disposal of a subsidient	- (2)	-	-	(245)	(245)
Disposal of a subsidiary Write-back on revaluation	(3) (205)		-	_	(3) (205)
White-back on revaluation	(203)				(203)
At 31 December 2003	166	-	7	2,506	2,679
Net book value					
At 31 December 2003	11,466	4,994	32	1,090	17,582
At 31 December 2002	13,443	5,725	32	1,012	20,212
The analysis of cost or revaluation of the above assets is as follows:					
At 31 December 2003					
At cost	_	_	39	3,596	3,635
At valuation	11,632	4,994	-	_	16,626
	11,632	4,994	39	3,596	20,261
At 31 December 2002			20	2.524	2.562
At cost At valuation	12 // [- E 725	39	3,524	3,563
At Valuation	13,445	5,725		_	19,170
	13,445	5,725	39	3,524	22,733

4. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The carrying value of premises is analysed based on the remaining terms of the leases as follows:

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
		□K\$ III
Held in Hong Kong		
On long-term lease (over 50 years)	7,051	8,217
On medium-term lease (10 – 50 years)	4,152	4,942
On short-term lease (less than 10 years)	2	3
Held outside Hong Kong		
On long-term lease (over 50 years)	40	53
On medium-term lease (10 – 50 years)	215	222
On short-term lease (less than 10 years)	6	6
	11,466	13,443

The carrying value of investment properties is analysed based on the remaining terms of the leases as follows:

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
Held in Hong Kong On long-term lease (over 50 years) On medium-term lease (10 – 50 years)	4,070 792	4,666 929
Held outside Hong Kong On long-term lease (over 50 years) On medium-term lease (10 – 50 years)	34 98	37 93
	4,994	5,725

Premises are included in the balance sheet at directors' valuation, having regard to the valuation carried out on the basis of their open market value by an independent firm of chartered surveyors, Chesterton Petty Limited, on the majority of the premises. Investment properties were also revalued on the basis of their open market value by Chesterton Petty Limited. Revaluations of the Group's premises and investment properties were performed at 30 June 2003 and 31 October 2003.

The results of the June revaluations were fully incorporated into the accounts at 30 June 2003.

With respect to the October revaluations, the change in valuation of investment properties was charged to the profit and loss account. As there was no material change in valuation since the previous revaluation at 30 June 2003, no adjustment was made to the carrying amount of premises.

Chesterton Petty Limited also confirmed that there has been no material change in valuations at 31 December 2003.

4. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

As a result of the above-mentioned revaluations, decreases in value of the Group's premises and investment properties were recognised in the Group's property revaluation reserves and the profit and loss account respectively as follows:

	2003		
	Premises HK\$'m	Investment properties HK\$'m	Total HK\$'m
Decrease in valuation debited to property revaluation reserves Decrease in valuation charged to profit and loss account	(48) (741)	_ (370)	(48) (1,111)
	(789)	(370)	(1,159)

	2002		
	Premises HK\$'m	Investment properties HK\$'m	Total HK\$'m
Increase/(decrease) in valuation credited/(debited) to property revaluation reserves Decrease in valuation charged to profit and loss account	46 (771)	(13) (206)	33 (977)
	(725)	(219)	(944)

As at 31 December 2003, the net book value of premises that would have been included in the Group's balance sheet had the assets been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses were HK\$5,653 million (2002: HK\$7,448 million).

5. TAX LIABILITIES

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
Current taxation (Note a) Deferred taxation (Note b)	355 341	544 328
	696	872

The amounts have been included in "Other accounts and provisions".

5. TAX LIABILITIES (continued)

(a) Current taxation

	2003 HK\$′m	2002 HK\$'m
Hong Kong profits tax Overseas taxation	349 6	531 13
	355	544

(b) Deferred taxation

During the year, deferred tax is recognised in respect of the temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the accounts according to SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes". The adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes" represents a change in accounting policy, which has been applied retrospectively so that the comparatives presented have been restated to conform to the changed policy.

The major components of deferred tax assets and liabilities recorded in the consolidated balance sheet, and the movements during the year showing the impact of the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes", are as follows:

			2003			
	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'m	Asset revaluation HK\$'m	Losses HK\$'m	Provisions HK\$'m	Other temporary differences HK\$'m	Total HK\$'m
At 1 January 2003, as previously reported Effect of adoption of	11	-	-	-	-	11
SSAP 12 (revised)	236	1,043	(2)	(1,009)	2	270
At 1 January 2003, as restated Charged/(credited) to profit and	247	1,043	(2)	(1,009)	2	281
loss account	15	(48)	(1)	73	16	55
Credited to equity	-	(11)	-	-	-	(11)
At 31 December 2003	262	984	(3)	(936)	18	325

5. TAX LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Deferred taxation (continued)

			2002			
	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'m	Asset revaluation HK\$'m	Losses HK\$'m	Provisions HK\$'m	Other temporary differences HK\$'m	Total HK \$ 'm
At 1 January 2002, as previously reported Effect of adoption of	8	_	-	_	_	8
SSAP 12 (revised)	197	1,230	(4)	(1,039)	(2)	382
At 1 January 2002, as restated Charged/(credited) to profit and	205	1,230	(4)	(1,039)	(2)	390
loss account	39	(189)	2	30	4	(114)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	3	_	-	-	-	3
Charged to equity	-	2	-	-	-	2
At 31 December 2002, as restated	247	1,043	(2)	(1,009)	2	281

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on an individual entity basis when there is a legal right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxation relates to the same authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
Deferred tax assets (Note) Deferred tax liabilities	(16) 341	(47) 328
	325	281

Note: This amount has been included in "Other assets".

5. TAX LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Deferred taxation (continued)

	2003 HK\$′m	2002 HK\$'m
Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than twelve months	(961)	(1,029)
Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after more than twelve months	274	262
	(687)	(767)

6. SHARE CAPITAL

	2003 HK\$′m	2002 HK\$'m
Authorised: 20,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$5.00 each	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 10,572,780,266 ordinary shares of HK\$5.00 each	52,864	52,864

7. RESERVES

	2003 HK\$'m	As restated 2002 HK\$'m
Premises revaluation reserve Translation reserve Retained earnings	62 (3) 7,338	99 (2) 3,710
	7,397	3,807

8. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products and services (business segment), or in providing products and services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other business or geographical segments. The Group has chosen business segment information as the primary reporting format and geographical segment information as the secondary reporting format.

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment and those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. The allocation of revenue reflects the benefits of capital and other funding resources allocated to the business or geographical segments by way of internal capital allocations and fund transfer mechanisms.

8. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (continued)

(a) By class of business

	2003					
	Commercial banking HK\$'m	Treasury HK\$'m	Unallocated HK\$'m	Subtotal HK\$'m	Eliminations HK\$'m	Consolidated HK\$'m
Net interest income Other operating income	9,392 3,116	2,982 918	500 832	12,874 4,866	- (487)	12,874 4,379
Operating income Operating expenses	12,508 (4,373)	3,900 (162)	1,332 (1,610)	17,740 (6,145)	(487) 487	17,253 (5,658)
Operating profit/(loss) before provisions Charge for bad and doubtful debts	8,135 (1,671)	3,738 -	(278) –	11,595 (1,671)	-	11,595 (1,671)
Operating profit/(loss) after provisions	6,464	3,738	(278)	9,924	-	9,924
Net loss from disposal/revaluation of fixed assets Write-back of provision for impairment	-	-	(1,121)	(1,121)	-	(1,121)
on held-to-maturity securities and investment securities	-	29	1	30	-	30
Net loss on disposal of a subsidiary	-	-	(1)	(1)	-	(1)
Provision for impairment on investments in associates Share of profits less losses of associates	-	-	(132) (9)	(132) (9)		(132) (9)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	6,464	3,767	(1,540)	8,691	-	8,691
Assets Segment assets nvestments in associates Jnallocated corporate assets	310,008 _ _	432,947 _ _	18,439 278 915	761,394 278 915	-	761,394 278 915
	310,008	432,947	19,632	762,587	_	762,587
Liabilities Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	621,211	77,671	648 1,640	699,530 1,640	-	699,530 1,640
	621,211	77,671	2,288	701,170	-	701,170
Other information Additions of fixed assets Depreciation Amortisation of premium/discount of	-	-	369 611	369 611	-	369 611
held-to-maturity securities	-	544	-	544	-	544
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation/amortisation	1,671	-	-	1,671	-	1,671

8. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (continued) (a) By class of business (continued)

			As res 20	stated 02		
	Commercial banking HK\$'m	Treasury HK\$'m	Unallocated HK\$'m	Subtotal HK\$'m	Eliminations HK\$'m	Consolidated HK\$'m
Net interest income Other operating income	10,876 3,110	2,375 745	691 861	13,942 4,716	_ (544)	13,942 4,172
Operating income Operating expenses	13,986 (4,504)	3,120 (174)	1,552 (1,891)	18,658 (6,569)	(544) 544	18,114 (6,025)
Operating profit/(loss) before provisions Charge for bad and doubtful debts	9,482 (2,855)	2,946	(339)	12,089 (2,855)	-	12,089 (2,855)
Operating profit/(loss) after provisions	6,627	2,946	(339)	9,234	-	9,234
Net loss from disposal/revaluation of fixed assets Provision for impairment on held-to-	-	-	(1,032)	(1,032)	-	(1,032)
maturity securities and investment securities	-	(4)	(3)	(7)	-	(7)
Provision for impairment on investments in associates Share of profits less losses of associates	- -	-	(27) (100)	(27) (100)	-	(27) (100)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	6,627	2,942	(1,501)	8,068	-	8,068
Assets Segment assets Investments in associates Unallocated corporate assets	313,429 _ _	400,100 _ _	21,173 483 351	734,702 483 351	- -	734,702 483 351
	313,429	400,100	22,007	735,536	-	735,536
Liabilities Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	612,240 _	62,431	2,469 611	677,140 611	-	677,140 611
	612,240	62,431	3,080	677,751	-	677,751
Other information Additions of fixed assets Depreciation Amortisation of premium/discount of		-	1,351 632	1,351 632		1,351 632
held-to-maturity securities Non-cash expenses other than	-	1,089	-	1,089	-	1,089
depreciation/amortisation	2,855	-	-	2,855	-	2,855

Commercial banking business includes acceptance of deposits, mortgage lending, credit card advances, remittance, provision of securities brokerage and insurance agency services, commercial lending, trade finance and overdraft facilities.

8. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (continued)

(a) By class of business (continued)

Treasury activities include money market, foreign exchange dealing and capital market activities. Treasury manages funding of the Group. Treasury provides funding to all other business segments and receives funds from commercial banking's deposit taking activities. These inter-segment funding transactions are priced either at market bid/offer rates as appropriate or at an internal funding rate as determined by the average funding requirements of other business segments and the average one-month inter-bank rates of the relevant financial year. In addition, the gains and losses on the foreign exchange activities of the Group are included in "Treasury". The profit and loss information presented in this note has been prepared using intersegment charging/income transactions. The segmental assets and liabilities have not been adjusted to reflect the effect of inter-segment borrowing and lending (i.e. segmental profit and loss information is not comparable to segmental assets and liabilities information).

Unallocated items mainly comprise fixed assets of the Group, investment securities, investments in associates and other items that cannot be reasonably allocated to a specific business segment. The interest benefit of the capital of the Group is also included as unallocated within net interest income. Rental expenses are allocated to business segments based on a fixed rate per square footage occupied.

Operating expenses of a functional unit are allocated to the relevant business segment that is the predominant user of the services provided by the unit. Operating expenses of other shared services, which cannot be allocated to a specific business segment, are included in "Unallocated".

(b) By geographical area

No geographical reporting is provided as over 90% of the Group's revenues are derived from Hong Kong and over 90% of the Group's assets are originated from business decisions and operations based in Hong Kong.

9. LOANS TO DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Particulars of advances made to directors and officers of the Company pursuant to section 161B(4C) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

	2003 HK\$'m	2002 HK\$'m
Aggregate amount of relevant loans outstanding at year end	35	99
Maximum aggregate amount of relevant loans outstanding during the year	100	137

10. OTHER INFORMATION

These Summary Financial Statements are only a summary of financial information extracted from the annual report. They are not a full set of Accounts nor will they be sufficient enough to allow full understanding of the results and state of affairs of the Group as it would be in the annual report.

11. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

As further explained in Note 5 to the Summary Financial Statements, due to the adoption of SSAP 12 (revised) "Income taxes" during the year, the presentation of certain items and balances in the Accounts have been revised to comply with the new requirements.

12. APPROVAL OF THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These Summary Financial Statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2004.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

In 2003, BOCHK, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiaries engaged on a regular basis in the usual course of their business in numerous transactions with BOC and its Associates. As BOC is the Company's ultimate holding company and therefore a connected person of the Company, all such transactions constituted connected transactions subsequent to the listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange for the purposes of the Listing Rules. References to sections of the Listing Rules in the following discussion refer to the Listing Rules in effect prior to March 31, 2004.

The transactions fell into the following three categories:

- 1. de minimis transactions entered into in the usual course of business and under normal commercial terms. Such transactions were exempted from disclosure and shareholder approval by virtue of rule 14.24 of the Listing Rules;
- 2. certain regular banking transactions for which the Stock Exchange has granted a waiver. These transactions were entered into on a continual basis throughout the year unless otherwise noted; and
- 3. one connected transaction which does not fall under (1) or (2) above and which is described in more detail at the end of this section.

(A) ONGOING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS UNDER WAIVERS

A brief description of the transactions set out in paragraph (2) is set out below, followed by a table setting out the amounts for each such type of transaction in 2003. Certain of these transactions were subject to annual caps agreed by the Stock Exchange and the Company, and none of these caps was exceeded. All of these transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms unless specified otherwise.

Derivatives Transactions

These included interest rate and currency interest rate swaps, equity options, and currency and bond options entered into with BOC and its Associates.

Foreign Exchange Transactions

These included inter-bank foreign currency exchange transactions, spot, forward and outright transactions, and exercised currency options entered into with BOC and its Associates.

Inter-bank Capital Markets Transactions

These included buying and selling debt securities (both those issued by independent third parties and those issued by BOC and its Associates) and equities by the Group from and to BOC and its Associates and on their behalf on issue and in the secondary market, and the Group acting as the custodian for BOC and its Associates and BOC acting as the custodian for the Group.

Bullion Trading

BOCHK entered into deferred settlement bullion transactions with BOC Macau Branch and Tai Fung Bank, a subsidiary of BOC, and bullion spot transactions with normal settlement with BOC. BOCHK also entered into physically settled bullion transactions with BOC Macau Branch and BOC Singapore Branch on which it provided a rebate on normal commercial terms.

Forfaiting Transactions

BOCHK entered into forfaiting transactions to buy and sell interests in certain trade finance products, including with BOC. All such transactions with BOC were entered into on normal commercial terms and only in relation to bills of exchange secured under a letter of credit.

Correspondent Banking Fee Sharing Programmes

BOCHK and Nanyang have signed agency agreements with the New York, Tokyo and Osaka branches of BOC, pursuant to which BOCHK and Nanyang give BOC priority over other banks for advising and negotiation of letters of credit and for funds transfers, provided the terms are at least as good as those offered by other banks, and as compensation BOC will rebate part of the commission to BOCHK and Nanyang. BOCHK also co-operated with BOC in relation to issuing letters of credit for Taiwan-related business, for which BOCHK received from BOC a fee based on a portion of the overall fees paid by BOC's customer for such facilities.

Capital Markets Transactions

The Group entered into various capital markets transactions with BOC and its Associates, in particular BOCI Capital, an indirect subsidiary of BOC. These transactions included participation in syndicated loans, sub-participation of loans, acquiring and disposing of interests in syndicated loans, subscription and/or issuance of debt securities and tax efficiency financing.

Loan Servicing Agreements

In 2002, BOCHK and Nanyang entered into loan servicing agreements with BOC Cayman and Zhong Gang, pursuant to which BOCHK and Nanyang agreed to provide, for a fixed fee based on the agreed cost of the services plus a margin, servicing, collection, account opening and reporting services in respect of certain loans sold by BOCHK and Nanyang to BOC Cayman and Zhong Gang in 2002 and 1999, respectively.

In 2003, BOC Cayman and Zhong Gang sold all of the loans subject to the loan servicing agreements to an unrelated third party and to BOC Investment in approximately equal proportions. Notwithstanding the sales, the original loan servicing agreements continued in effect on the same terms in order to deal with any continuing servicing matters relating to BOC Cayman and Zhong Gang.

As part of the sale, BOC Investment entered into a Deed of Assignment with BOC Cayman and Zhong Gang, to which BOCHK and Nanyang were also parties, pursuant to which BOCHK agreed to service the loans assigned to BOC Investment, commencing in 2004, for essentially the same compensation, adjusted on a pro rata basis, as contained in the original loan servicing agreements.

Provision of Insurance Cover by BOC Insurance

BOC Insurance and its subsidiaries provided general and life insurance to the Group.

Insurance Agency

The Group provided insurance agency services to BOC Insurance and BOC Life on a commission basis.

Securities Brokerage

BOCI Securities provided securities brokerage services to the Group. The Group paid BOCI Securities commissions for its services and received rebates in return.

Credit Card Services

Pursuant to a Credit Card Cooperation and Services Agreement dated 6 July 2002 between BOC-CC and BOC, BOC-CC provided certain services to BOC in relation to its Great Wall International Card (the "International Card") and its Great Wall Renminbi Card (the "Renminbi Card"). BOC-CC shared the profits and losses or fee income in relation to the operations of the International Card and the Renminbi Card with BOC as set out in the agreement.

BOC-CC Business in Macau

BOC Macau Branch and Tai Fung Bank promoted BOC-CC's Hong Kong dollar and Macau pataca settled credit cards and provided customer services in return for a share of profits or commission payment. They also provided services for BOC-CC's merchant acquiring business in Macau in return for commission sharing.

BOC-CC Business in Mainland China

BOC promoted and provided services for BOC-CC's merchant acquiring business in Mainland China in return for commission sharing. BOC provided over-the-counter cash withdrawal services to cardholders of BOC-CC in Mainland China, for which the cardholder was charged a transaction handling fee that was shared between BOC and BOC-CC.

Credit Card Support Services to BOC Singapore Branch

BOC-CC provided business support services to BOC Singapore Branch in relation to its credit card business, for which BOC-CC was paid on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%. Pursuant to the Credit Card Cooperation and Services Agreement, these services may be extended on similar terms to such other branches of BOC outside Mainland China.

Credit Card Training Subsidy

Pursuant to the Credit Card Cooperation and Services Agreement, BOC-CC has agreed to pay BOC a training subsidy of HK\$2 million per annum, or such other amount as may be agreed, for the provision of training by BOC to BOC's personnel in its provincial branches throughout Mainland China in support of BOC-CC's business in Mainland China.

Selling of Funds Products

The Group promoted MPF products for BOCI-Prudential Trustee, and promoted guaranteed fund products for BOCI-Prudential Manager, both indirect subsidiaries of BOC, and sold these products for a commission.

Services and Relationship Agreement

On 6 July 2002, the Company and BOCHK entered into a Services and Relationship Agreement with BOC and certain of its subsidiaries. Under this agreement, BOC has agreed to, and agreed to procure that its Associates, enter into all future arrangements with BOCHK on an arm's length basis, on normal commercial terms and at rates no less favourable than those offered to independent third parties, in relation to inter-bank lending, loans, correspondent banking arrangements, treasury transactions, provision of insurance and syndicated loans. BOCHK has agreed to, and agreed to procure that its subsidiaries, enter into all future arrangements on the same basis, save that the rates offered to BOC and its Associates will be no more favourable than those offered to independent third parties. The Services and Relationship Agreement also covers the provision of the services set out below:

Administrative Services

Administrative support and company secretarial services to BOC (BVI), BOCHKG and Hua Chiao on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%.

Audit Services

Audit services for BOC on various branches and subsidiaries of BOC located in the Asia-Pacific region, other than BOC's branches in Mainland China, on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%.

Information Technology Services

Information technology services to BOC's branches in Hong Kong, Macau, the Asia-Pacific region and Mainland China, on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%. Under various information technology services contracts BOCHK provided similar services to BOC's Associates on similar terms.

Training Services

Training services to BOC's employees on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%.

Secondments from BOC

BOC seconded management level and supervisory staff to BOCHK's branches in Mainland China. BOCHK paid salaries directly to the staff concerned and in some cases BOCHK also paid a management fee to BOC.

BOC Markets Services Agreement

Under the terms of a BOC Markets Services Agreement, dated 6 July 2002, between BOCHK and BOC Markets, BOCHK provided office premises and certain support services to BOC Markets in connection with its operations in Hong Kong. A small number of BOCHK's employees were also seconded to BOC Markets. The provision of office premises is charged at market rent while all other services are provided on the basis of cost plus a margin of 5%.

Deposits by Directors and their Associates

BOCHK, Nanyang and Chiyu paid preferential interest rate for deposits of over 1 month's duration and up to a maximum of HK\$5 million from each of the directors of the Group and each of their Associates who are employees of the Group on the same terms as those offered to other employees. The preferential interest rate is applicable to all staff of the Group.

Type of Transaction	2003 HK\$'m
Derivatives Transactions (volume)	4,339.00
Foreign Exchange Transactions (volume)	408,441.87
Inter-Bank Capital Markets Transactions	N/A
Bullion Trading (volume)	5,406.66
Forfaiting Transactions (volume)	20.63
Correspondent Banking Fee Sharing	7.90
Capital Markets Transactions	N/A
Loan Servicing Agreements	10.71
Provision of Insurance Cover by BOC Insurance	42.68
Insurance Agency Commission Income	165.98
Securities Brokerage Commission Payments, Net of Rebates	118.31
International Card	9.11
Renminbi Card	0.80
BOC-CC Business in Macau	8.96
BOC-CC Business in the Mainland China — Payments retained by and to BOC	26.78
Credit Card Support Services to BOC overseas branches	1.79
Credit Card Training Subsidy	2.00
Funds Selling Commission Income	58.44
Administrative Services (under the Services and Relationship Agreement and the BOC	
Markets Services Agreement)	0.4
Audit Services	7.92
Information Technology Services	35.58
Training Services	0.43
Secondments from BOC — Management Fee	0.10
Human Resources Support Services and Secondments to BOC Markets	0.4
Staff Preferential Rate Deposits of Directors	

N/A: these transactions were diverse and large in number.

* no director and his/her Associates have preferential rate deposits in excess of HK\$50 million in aggregate.

(B) OTHER CONNECTED TRANSACTION

On 2 December 2002, BOCHK entered into a sale and purchase agreement with BOC Insurance, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of BOC. Pursuant to this agreement, BOCHK agreed to sell the Sin Hua Bank Centre situated at 134–136 Des Voeux Road Central to BOC Insurance for HK\$193 million. Sin Hua Bank Centre was previously an office of Sin Hua Bank, one of the predecessor banks to BOCHK. The purpose of the sale was to enhance the Group's overall return on assets and to dispose of a property with a view to reducing the risk exposure in investment properties. The sale was completed on 2 April 2003. Execution of the sale and purchase agreement constituted a connected transaction for the Company under rule 14.25(1) of the Listing Rules. Details of the disposal were disclosed in an announcement issued by the Company on 2 December 2002.

AUDITORS' STATEMENT ON THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BOC HONG KONG (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have examined the Summary Financial Report of BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2003 on pages 1 to 84.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

Under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the directors are responsible for preparing the Summary Financial Report which complies with section 141CF(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In preparing the Summary Financial Report, section 141CF(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance requires that the Summary Financial Report be derived from the annual accounts and the auditors' report thereon and the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2003, be in such form and contain such information and particulars as specified in section 5 of the Hong Kong Companies (Summary Financial Reports of Listed Companies) Regulation, and be approved by the board of directors.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion on the Summary Financial Report, based on our examination, and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and we are also required to state whether the auditors' report on the annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003 is qualified or otherwise modified, in accordance with section 5 of the Hong Kong Companies (Summary Financial Reports of Listed Companies) Regulation, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this statement.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with Standards on Assurance Engagements and with reference to Practice Note 710 "The auditors' statement on the Summary Financial Report" issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants. Our examination includes examining evidence supporting the consistency of the Summary Financial Report with the annual accounts and the auditors' report thereon and the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2003 and the compliance of the Summary Financial Report with the requirements of section 5 of the Hong Kong Companies (Summary Financial Reports of Listed Companies) Regulation, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

Based on the foregoing, in our opinion the Summary Financial Report on pages 1 to 84

- (a) is consistent with the annual accounts and the auditors' report thereon and the directors' report of BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2003 from which it is derived; and
- (b) complies with the requirements of section 5 of the Hong Kong Companies (Summary Financial Reports of Listed Companies) Regulation.

We have audited the annual accounts of BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2003 and have issued an auditors' report thereon dated 22 March 2004 which is unqualified or otherwise unmodified.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 22 March 2004

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2004

22 March (Mon)
7 May (Fri)
10 May (Mon)
11 May (Tue) 4:00 p.m.
12 May (Wed) to 19 May (Wed)
19 May (Wed)
19 May (Wed) 3:00 p.m.
21 May (Fri) 3:00 p.m.
25 May (Tue)
Late August

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The 2004 Annual General Meeting will be held at 3:00 p.m. on Friday, 21 May 2004 at Meeting Room 401, Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong (please use Harbour Road Entrance).

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have recommended a final dividend of HK\$0.320 per share subject to the approval of shareholders at the 2004 Annual General Meeting. Together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.195 per share declared in September 2003, the total dividend payout for 2003 would be HK\$0.515 per share.

SHARE INFORMATION

• Listing

The Company's ordinary shares are listed and traded on the Stock Exchange. In addition, the Company maintains a Level 1 ADR facility for its ADSs. Each ADS represents 20 ordinary shares of the Company.

- Ordinary shares (as at 31 December 2003) Issued shares : 10,572,780,266 Public float : 3,568,439,989 (33.75%)
- Nominal value HK\$5.00 per share
- Market capitalisation (as at 31 December 2003) HK\$154.36 billion

• Share Price

Closing price on 31 December 2002	:	HK\$8.00
Closing price on 31 December 2003	:	HK\$14.60
Highest trading price during the year	:	HK\$15.90
Lowest trading price during the year	1	HK\$7.55

SHARE INFORMATION (continued)

• Index constituent

The Company is a constituent of the following indices: Hang Seng Index Hang Seng London Reference Index MSCI Hong Kong Index FTSE All-World Hong Kong Index

• Stock codes

Ordinary shares	
The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	2388
Reuters	2388.HK
Bloomberg	2388 HK

Level I ADR Programme	
CUSIP No.:	096813209
OTC Symbol:	BHKLY

SHAREHOLDER ENQUIRIES

Any matters relating to your shareholding, e.g. transfer of shares, change of name or address, lost share certificates and dividend warrants, should be sent in writing to:

Hong Kong	Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
	Rooms 1901–5, 19th Floor
	Hopewell Centre
	183 Queen's Road East
	Telephone : (852) 2862 8628
	Facsimile: (852) 2529 6087
USA	ADSs Depositary Bank
	Citibank, N.A.
	111 Wall Street
	New York, NY 10005
	Telephone: (1-212) 657 1853
	Facsimile: (1-212) 825 5398

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Enquiries may be directed to:

Investor Relations Division BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited 52nd Floor Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2903 6602/(852) 2826 6314 Facsimile: (852) 2810 5830 E-mail: investor_relations@bochk.com

DEFINITIONS

In this Summary Financial Report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the meanings set out below:

Terms	Meanings
"Accounts"	the annual statutory accounts of BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited
"ADR"	American Depositary Receipt
"ADSs"	American Depositary Shares
"ALC"	Anti-money Laundering Committee
"ALCO"	Asset and Liability Management Committee
"Associate"	has the meaning ascribed to "associate" in the Listing Rules
"ATM"	Automated Teller Machine
"Board" or "Board of Directors"	the Board of Directors of BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited
"BOC"	Bank of China, a state-owned commercial bank established under the laws of the PRC
"BOC (BVI)"	BOC Hong Kong (BVI) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHKG
"BOC Cayman"	the Cayman Islands Branch of Bank of China
"BOC-CC"	BOC Credit Card (International) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK
"BOC Group Trustee"	BOC Group Trustee Company Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which the Group and BOCI hold equity interests of 66% and 34%, respectively
"ВОСНК"	Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (formerly known as Po Sang Bank Limited), a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
"BOCHK Charitable Foundation"	Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Charitable Foundation (formerly known as the "Bank of China Group Charitable Foundation"), a charitable foundation being established in July 1994
"BOCHKG"	BOC Hong Kong (Group) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC
"BOC Insurance"	Bank of China Group Insurance Company Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of BOC
"BOC Investment"	Bank of China Group Investment Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC

DEFINITIONS

Terms	Meanings
"BOC Life"	BOC Group Life Assurance Company Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC Insurance
"BOC Shanghai"	the Shanghai Branch of Bank of China
"BOC Shenzhen"	the Shenzhen Branch of Bank of China
"BOCI"	BOC International Holdings Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC
"BOCI Asia"	BOCI Asia Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCI
"BOCI Capital"	BOCI Capital Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCI
"BOC Markets"	the Hong Kong Branch of Bank of China
"BOCI-Prudential Manager"	BOCI-Prudential Asset Management Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOCI Asset Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCI, and Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited hold equity interests of 64% and 36%, respectively
"BOCI-Prudential Trustee"	BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOC Group Trustee and Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited hold equity interests of 64% and 36%, respectively
"BOCI Securities"	BOCI Securities Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of BOCI
"CAR"	Capital Adequacy Ratio
"CEPA"	Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement
"CFO"	Chief Financial Officer
"CRO"	Chief Risk Officer
"Chiyu"	Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOCHK holds an equity interest of 70.49%
"Company"	BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong
"EFBNs"	Exchange Fund Bills and Notes
"Group"	the Company and its subsidiaries collectively referred as the Group
"HIBOR"	Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate
"HKMA"	Hong Kong Monetary Authority

Terms	Meanings
"HKSA"	Hong Kong Society of Accountants
"HKSAR Government"	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government
"Hua Chiao"	Hua Chiao Commercial Limited (formerly known as Hua Chiao Commercial Bank Limited), a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong, in which BOC holds an equity interest of 93.64%
"IAS"	International Accounting Standards
"IASB"	International Accounting Standards Board
"ICBC"	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China
"IPO"	Initial Public Offering
"Г"	Information Technology
"Listing Rules"	The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
"The Mainland" or "Mainland China" or "The Mainland of China"	The mainland of the PRC
"MPF"	Mandatory Provident Fund
"MPF Scheme"	Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme
"MPF Schemes Ordinance"	the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended
"MSCI Hong Kong Index"	Morgan Stanley Capital International Hong Kong Index
"Nanyang"	Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK
"NBCE"	Non-bank Chinese Entities
"NPL"	Non-performing Loan
"ORSO schemes"	the Occupational Retirement Schemes under Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance, Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong
"Other Schemes and Plans"	Plan and any other share option schemes and savings-based share option plans of any company in the Group
"Perento"	Perento Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK

DEFINITIONS

Terms	Meanings
"POWL"	Public Offering Without Listing
"PRC"	The People's Republic of China
"RCC"	Risk Control Committee
"RMB" or "Renminbi"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC
"RMC"	Risk Management Committee
"RMD"	Risk Management Department
"RTGS"	Real Time Gross Settlement System
"SARS"	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome
"SBUs"	Strategic Business Units
"SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong
"Share Option Scheme"	the Share Option Scheme (previously known as 2002 Share Option Scheme) conditionally approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 10 July 2002
"Sharesave Plan"	the Sharesave Plan (previously known as 2002 Sharesave Plan) conditionally approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 10 July 2002
"Sin Chiao"	Sin Chiao Enterprises Corporation Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOCHK
"SME"	the Small and Medium-Sized Enterprise
"SSAPs"	Statements of Standard Accounting Practice
"Stock Exchange" or "Stock Exchange of Hong Kong"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
"Summary Financial Report"	Summary Financial Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2003
"Summary Financial Statements"	comprise consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated balance sheet of the Group extracted from the Accounts
"VaR"	Value at Risk
"Zhong Gang"	Zhong Gang (Cayman) Company Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands and a wholly owned subsidiary of BOC

BRANCH NETWORK & CORPORATE BANKING CENTRES

BANK OF CHINA (HONG KONG) – BRANCH NETWORK

Hong Kong Island

Branch	Address	Telephone
Central & Western District		
Bank of China Tower Branch	1 Garden Road, H.K.	2826 6888
Sheung Wan Branch	252 Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2541 1601
Queen's Road West	2-12 Queen's Road West,	2815 6888
(Sheung Wan) Branch	Sheung Wan, H.K.	
Sheung Wan (Guangdong	297 Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2544 5521
Investment Tower) Branch		
Connaught Road Central Branch		2841 0410
Central District Branch	2A Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2160 8888
Central District (Wing On	71 Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2843 6111
House) Branch		
Central District (International	Shop 3022, Level 3,	2501 0373
Finance Centre) Branch	International Finance Centre,	
	1 Harbour View Street, Central, H.K.	
Shek Tong Tsui Branch	534 Queen's Road West,	2819 7277
	Shek Tong Tsui, H.K.	25 40 0020
Western District Branch	386-388 Des Voeux Road West, H.K. 63 Bonham Road, H.K.	2549 9828
Bonham Road Branch		2517 7066
Kennedy Town Branch	Harbour View Garden, 2-2F Catchick Street,	2010 0102
Caine Road Branch	Kennedy Town, H.K. 57 Caine Road, H.K.	2521 3318
First Street Branch	57 Caine Road, H.K. 55A First Street, Sai Ying Pun, H.K.	2521 3318
United Centre Branch	Shop 1021, United Centre,	2861 1889
stated centre branch	95 Queensway, H.K.	2001 1009
Wyndham Street Branch	1-3 Wyndham Street, Central, H.K.	2843 2888
Des Voeux Road West Branch	111-119 Des Voeux Road West, H.K.	2546 1134
Gilman Street Branch	136 Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2135 1123
Ender Street Station	er er voeux noud central, m.c.	2100 1120
Wan Chai District		
Pak Sha Road Branch	1 Pak Sha Road, Causeway Bay, H.K.	2882 1383
Gloucester Road Branch	Unit 3, G/F Immigration Tower,	2877 1133
	7 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	
191 Hennessy Road Branch	191-193 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2588 1288
409 Hennessy Road Branch	409-415 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2833 8833
Johnston Road Branch	152-158 Johnston Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2574 8257
Harbour Road Branch	26 Harbour Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2827 8407
Happy Valley Branch	11 King Kwong Street, Happy Valley, H.K.	2838 6668
Wan Chai (China Overseas	139 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2529 0866
Building) Branch		
Wan Chai Branch	395 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2572 4273
Wan Chai (Wu Chung House)	213 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, H.K.	2892 0909
Branch		
	1 310-312 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2923 5628
Wan Chai Road Branch	127-135 Wan Chai Road, H.K.	2577 4862
Eastern District		
Siu Sai Wan Branch	Shop 19, Cheerful Garden,	2505 2399
	Siu Sai Wan, H.K.	
Taikoo Shing Branch	Shop G1012, Yiu Sing Mansion,	2886 0612
	Taikoo Shing, H.K.	
North Point Branch	Roca Centre, 464 King's Road,	2811 8880
	North Point, H.K.	2200 2200
	193-209 King's Road, North Point, H.K.	2286 2000
North Point (Hang Ying	Shop B1, 318-328 King's Road,	2887 1199
Building) Branch	North Point, H.K.	2562 6100
North Point (Kiu Fai	413-415 King's Road, North Point, H.K.	2562 6108
Mansion) Branch	142-146 Shau Kei Wan Road, H.K.	2886 3344
Sai Wan Ho Branch Heng Fa Chuen Branch		
neng ra chuen Branch	Shop 205-208, East Wing Shopping Centre, Heng Fa Chuen, Chai Wan, H.K.	2897 1131
Kam Wa Street Branch	3 Kam Wa Street, Shau Kei Wan, H.K.	2885 9311
City Garden Branch	233 Electric Road, North Point, H.K.	2571 2878
Fortress Hill Road PFS Centre	272-276 King's Road, North Point, H.K.	2578 6500
King's Road Branch	131-133 King's Road, North Point, H.K.	2887 0282
Chai Wan (Walton Estate) Branch		2558 6433
char won (wonton Estate) blanch	341-343 Chai Wan Road, H.K.	2000 0400
Chai Wan Road Branch	27 Gold Mine Building,	2557 0247
End Plan House Drahen	345 Chai Wan Road, H.K.	2007 0247
Healthy Village Branch	Shop 1&2, Healthy Village Phase II,	2563 2278
, <u></u>	668 King's Road, North Point, H.K.	
Sheung On Street Branch	77 Sheung On Street, Chai Wan, H.K.	2897 0923

Branch	Address	Telephone
Aldrich Garden Branch	Shop 58, Aldrich Garden,	3196 4956
	Shau Kei Wan, H.K.	
Shau Kei Wan Road Branch	289-293 Shau Kei Wan Road, H.K.	2884 1386
Shau Kei Wan (Po Man Building) Branch	260-262 Shau Kei Wan Road, H.K.	2568 521
Wan Tsui Road Branch	4 Lin Shing Road, Chai Wan, H.K.	2557 328
Quarry Bay Branch	Parkvale, 1060 King's Road, Quarry Bay, H.K.	2564 033
Southern District		
Tin Wan Branch	2-12 Ka Wo Street, Tin Wan, H.K.	2553 013
Stanley Branch	Shop 401, Shopping Centre, Stanley Plaza, H.K.	2813 229
Aberdeen Branch	25 Wu Pak Street, Aberdeen, H.K.	2553 416
South Horizons Branch	G38, West Centre Marina Square, South Horizons, Ap Lei Chau, H.K.	2580 034
South Horizons PFS Centre	Shop 118, Marina Square East Centre,	2555 747
	Ap Lei Chau, H.K.	
Wah Kwai Estate Branch	Shop 17, Shopping Centre, Wah Kwai Estate, H.K.	2550 229
Wong Chuk Hang Road Branch	40 Wong Chuk Hang Road, H.K.	2814 827
Chi Fu Landmark Branch	Shop 510, Chi Fu Landmark, Pok Fu Lam. H.K.	2551 228
Ap Lei Chau Branch	13-15 Wai Fung Street, Ap Lei Chau, H.K.	2554 648

Kowloon

Branch

Branch	Address	Telephone
Kowloon City District		
Prince Edward Road	382-384 Prince Edward Road,	2926 6038
(Kowloon City) Branch	Kowloon City, Kowloon	
To Kwa Wan Branch	80N To Kwa Wan Road, Kowloon	2364 4344
Pak Tai Street Branch	4-6 Pak Tai Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	2760 7773
Hunghom Commercial	37-39 Ma Tau Wai Road,	2363 9217
Centre Branch	Hung Hom, Kowloon	
Hung Hom (Eldex	21 Ma Tau Wai Road, Hung Hom, Kowloon	2764 8363
Industrial Building) Branch		
OUHK Branch	The Open University of Hong Kong,	2760 9099
	30 Good Shepherd Street,	
	Ho Man Tin, Kowloon	
Ma Tau Kok Road Branch	39-45 Ma Tau Kok Road, To Kwa Wan,	2714 9118
	Kowloon	
Ma Tau Wai Road Branch	47-49 Ma Tau Wai Road, Hung Hom,	2926 5123
	Kowloon	
Site 11 Whampoa Garden	Shop G6, Site 11 Whampoa Garden,	2363 3982
Branch	Hung Hom, Kowloon	2764 7222
Whampoa Garden Branch	Shop G8B, Site 1, Whampoa Garden, Hung Hom, Kowloon	2764 7233
Nga Tsin Wai Road Branch	25 Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon.	2383 2316
Wuhu Street Branch	105-107 Wuhu Street, Hung Hom, Kowloon	2363 2310
Wulld Street Branch	105-107 Walta Street, Hang Holli, Kowloon	2000 9201
Wong Tai Sin District		
Tai Yau Street Branch	35 Tai Yau Street, San Po Kong, Kowloon	2328 0087
Chuk Yuen Estate Branch	Shop S1, Chuk Yuen Shopping Centre,	2325 5261
	Chuk Yuen South Estate, Kowloon	
Choi Hung Branch	19 Clear Water Bay Road,	2327 0271
	Ngau Chi Wan, Kowloon	
Choi Hung Road Branch	58-68 Choi Hung Road, San Po Kong,	2927 6111
	Kowloon	
Choi Wan Estate Branch	A3-18 Commercial Complex,	2754 5911
	Choi Wan Estate, Kowloon	
Wong Tai Sin Branch	Shop G1, Wong Tai Sin Shopping Centre,	2327 8147
	Kowloon	
San Po Kong (Wing Lok	28-34 Tseuk Luk Street, San Po Kong,	2328 7915
Building) Branch	Kowloon	
Yuk Wah Street Branch	46-48 Yuk Wah Street, Tsz Wan Shan, Kowloon	2927 6655
Funne Telle Dana di Dana ak		2027 6222
Fung Tak Road Branch Lok Fu Branch	5-11 Fung Tak Road, Tsz Wan Shan, Kowloon Shop 2, Lok Fu Shopping Centre II,	2927 6333
LOK FU DIdIICII	Lok Fu, Kowloon	2337 0271
Tseuk Luk Street Branch	86 Tseuk Luk Street, San Po Kong, Kowloon	2927 6228
Sheung Fung Street Branch	66-68 Sheung Fung Street,	2327 8118
shearing rung street brailer	Tsz Wan Shan. Kowloon	2527 0110
Diamond Hill Branch	G107 Plaza Hollywood, Diamond Hill,	2955 5088
	Kowloon	

BANK OF CHINA (HONG KONG) -

Branch

BRANCH NETWORK (continued)

Branch	Address	Telephone
Kwun Tong District		
Kowloon Bay	Shop 2, Telford House, 16 Wang Hoi Road,	2331 3783
(Telford House) Branch	Kowloon Bay, Kowloon	
Ngau Tau Kok (Garden	Shop 6, Lotus Tower 2,	2763 5456
Estate) Branch	Kwun Tong Garden Estate,	
	Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon	
169 Ngau Tau Kok Road Branch	169 Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon	2750 7311
177 Ngau Tau Kok Road Branch	177 Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon	2927 4321
Ping Tin Estate Branch	Shop 225, 2/F Ping Tin Shopping	2927 7828
	Centre, Lam Tin, Kowloon	
Wang Kwun Road Branch	Unit G1, Nan Fung Commercial Centre,	2755 0268
	Wang Kwun Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon	
Sau Mau Ping Branch	Shop 214, Sau Mau Ping Shopping	2772 0028
Hip Wo Street Branch	Centre, Sau Mau Ping, Kowloon 195-197 Hip Wo Street, Kwun Tong,	2245 0102
hip wo street branch	Kowloon	2345 0102
Ting Fu Street Branch	11-13 Ting Fu Street, Ngau Tau Kok,	2756 4621
ing to street branen	Kowloon	2750 4021
Yau Tong Branch	Shop G1-G27, Ka Fu Arcade,	2349 9191
lad long staten	Yau Tong Centre, Kowloon	2010 0101
Hoi Yuen Road Branch	55 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	2763 2127
Tsui Ping Estate Branch	Shop 116, 1/F Shopping Circuit,	2345 3238
J	Tsui Ping Estate, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	
26 Fu Yan Street Branch	26-32 Fu Yan Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	2342 5262
95 Fu Yan Street Branch	95 Fu Yan Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	2343 4141
Telford Gardens Branch	Shop P20, Telford Gardens,	2796 1551
	Kowloon Bay, Kowloon	
Lam Tin Branch	Shop 12, 49 Kai Tin Road, Lam Tin, Kowloon	2347 1456
Kwun Tong Branch	20-24 Yue Man Square, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	2344 4116
Ngau Tau Kok Road	327 Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon	2389 3301
(Kwun Tong) Branch		
Kwun Tong Plaza Branch	G1 Kwun Tong Plaza, 68 Hoi Yuen Road,	2342 4295
	Kwun Tong, Kowloon	
Yau Tsim Mong District		
Tai Kok Tsui Branch	73-77 Tai Kok Tsui Road, Kowloon	2395 3269
Shan Tung Street Branch	42-48 Shan Tung Street, Mong Kok,	2332 5461
	Kowloon	2740 2440
Bank of China Centre Branch	UG01 Olympian City 1, 11 Hoi Fai Road,	2749 2110
Chanadhai Chanat (Dainan	Kowloon	2391 0502
Shanghai Street (Prince Edward) Branch	689-693 Shanghai Street, Mong Kok, Kowloon	2591 0502
Prince Edward Branch	774 Nathan Road, Kowloon	2399 3000
2 Carnarvon Road Branch	2-2A Carnarvon Road,	2333 3000
2 Carnarvon Road Branch	Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	2311 3022
Tsim Sha Tsui Branch	24-28 Carnarvon Road,	2721 6242
	Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	
Tsim Sha Tsui East Branch	Shop G02-03, Inter-Continental Plaza,	2739 0308
	94 Granville Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	
Jordan Branch	328-330 Nathan Road, Kowloon	2928 6111
Woosung Street Branch	149-151 Woosung Street, Kowloon	2730 0883
Shanghai Street	611-617 Shanghai Street, Mong Kok,	2394 4181
(Mong Kok) Branch	Kowloon	
Mong Kok Branch	589 Nathan Road, Mong Kok, Kowloon	2332 0111
Prince Edward Road West	116-118 Prince Edward Road West,	2928 4138
(Mong Kok) Branch	Mong Kok, Kowloon	
Mong Kok Road Branch	50-52 Mong Kok Road, Kowloon	2395 3263
Mong Kok (Silvercorp	Shop B, 707-713 Nathan Road,	2391 6677
Int'l Tower) Branch	Mong Kok, Kowloon	
Mong Kok (President	608 Nathan Road, Mong Kok, Kowloon	2384 7191
Commercial Centre) Branch		
Shanghai Street (Yau Ma Tei)	364-366 Shanghai Street, Yau Ma Tei,	2782 2071
Branch	Kowloon	
Yau Ma Tei Branch	471 Nathan Road, Yau Ma Tei, Kowloon	2780 2307
Kimberley Road Branch	37 Kimberley Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	2739 1886
Cameron Road PFS Centre	30 Cameron Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	2312 0010
Humphrey's Avenue Branch	4-4A Humphrey's Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui,	2723 1068
Fully Taxan Character R	Kowloon	2201 0400
Fuk Tsun Street Branch	32-40 Fuk Tsun Street, Tai Kok Tsui, Kowloon	2391 8468
Canton Road Branch Lock Road Branch	60 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	2730 0688
LUCK NUGU DIGIICÍ	19 Lock Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	2367 6164

Branch	Address	Telephone
Sham Shui Po District		
Kowloon Plaza Branch	Unit 1, Kowloon Plaza,	2370 8928
	485 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	
Festival Walk Branch	Unit LG149, Festival Walk,	2265 7288
	Kowloon Tong, Kowloon	
42 Yu Chau Street Branch	42-46 Yu Chau Street,	2397 1123
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
Lei Cheng Uk Estate Branch	Shop 108, Lei Cheng Uk Commercial	2729 8251
	Centre, Lei Cheng Uk Estate, Kowloon	
Castle Peak Road (Cheung	365-371 Castle Peak Road,	2728 3311
Sha Wan) Branch	Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon	
108 Cheung Sha Wan Road Branch	108 Cheung Sha Wan Road,	2779 0157
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
194 Cheung Sha Wan Road Branch	194-196 Cheung Sha Wan Road,	2728 9389
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
Cheung Sha Wan Plaza Branch	Shop G08, Cheung Sha Wan Plaza,	2745 7088
	833 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Kowloon	
248 Castle Peak Road Branch	244-248 Castle Peak Road,	2386 1233
	Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon	
412 Castle Peak Road Branch	412-420 Castle Peak Road,	2743 8010
	Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon	
188 Nam Cheong Street Branch	Shop 8-9, G/F Welland Plaza,	2788 3238
	188 Nam Cheong Street,	
222.11 CL CL LD L	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	2020 2000
223 Nam Cheong Street Branch	223 Nam Cheong Street,	2928 2088
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	2742 6644
Stage 7 Mei Foo Sun Chuen Branch	17-B Mount Sterling Mall, Mei Foo Sun Chuen, Kowloon	2742 6611
Stage 2 Mei Foo Sun Chuen	19 Glee Path, Mei Foo Sun Chuen,	2370 8382
Branch	Kowloon	2370 0302
Stage 6 Mei Foo Sun Chuen	Shop N47-49, Mount Sterling Mall,	2743 4013
Branch	Mei Foo Sun Chuen, Kowloon	2745 4015
Lai Chi Kok (Hong Kong	A2, G/F Hong Kong Industrial Centre,	2745 1491
Industrial Centre) Branch	491 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	2745 1451
Lai Chi Kok Road Branch	282-284 Lai Chi Kok Road.	2728 7216
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
Sham Shui Po Branch	207-211 Nam Cheong Street,	2777 0171
	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
Sham Shui Po (On Ning	147-149 Castle Peak Road,	2708 3678
Building) Branch	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	

New Territories & Outlying Islands

Sha Tin District Jat Min Chuen Branch 41 Tai Wai Road Branch 74 Tai Wai Road Branch Fo Tan Branch Lucky Plaza Branch	Shop 1, G/F Ming Yiu Lau, Jat Min Chuen, Sha Tin, N.T. 41-45 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. 74-76 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. No 2, 1/F Shatin Galleria, 18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T. Lucky Plaza, Wang Pok Street, Sha Tin, N.T.	2647 8784 2929 4288 2699 9523 2691 7193
41 Tai Wai Road Branch 74 Tai Wai Road Branch Fo Tan Branch Lucky Plaza Branch	Jat Min Chuen, Sha Tin, N.T. 41-45 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. 74-76 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. No 2, 1/F Shatin Galleria, 18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T.	2929 4288 2699 9523 2691 7193
74 Tai Wai Road Branch Fo Tan Branch Lucky Plaza Branch	41-45 Tai Wai Road, Sha Ťin, N.T. 74-76 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. No 2, 1/F Shatin Galleria, 18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T.	2699 9523 2691 7193
74 Tai Wai Road Branch Fo Tan Branch Lucky Plaza Branch	74-76 Tai Wai Road, Sha Tin, N.T. No 2, 1/F Shatin Galleria, 18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T.	2699 9523 2691 7193
Fo Tan Branch Lucky Plaza Branch	No 2, 1/F Shatin Galleria, 18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T.	2691 7193
Lucky Plaza Branch	18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, N.T.	
	Lucky Plaza, Wang Pok Street, Sha Tin, N.T.	
		2605 6556
City One Sha Tin Branch	Shop A, 16-20 Ngan Shing Commercial	2648 8083
	Centre, City One, Sha Tin, N.T.	
Sha Kok Estate Branch	Shop 39, Sha Kok Shopping Centre,	2648 0302
	Sha Kok Estate, Sha Tin, N.T.	
Heng On Estate Branch	Shop 203, Commercial Centre,	2642 0111
	Heng On Estate, Ma On Shan, N.T.	
Ma On Shan Centre Branch	Shop A2, G/F Ma On Shan Centre,	2631 0063
	Sai Sha Road, Ma On Shan, N.T.	
Lung Hang Estate Branch	103 Lung Hang Commercial Centre,	2605 8618
	Sha Tin, N.T.	
New Town Plaza Branch	Shop 739-745, Level 7 Phase One,	2606 6163
	New Town Plaza, Sha Tin, N.T.	
Sunshine City Branch	Shop 16, Blocks C & D, Sunshine City,	2631 1011
	Ma On Shan, N.T.	
Lek Yuen Branch	No 1, Fook Hoi House, Lek Yuen Estate,	2605 3021
	Sha Tin, N.T.	
Tai Po District		
Tai Kwong Lane Branch	16-22 Tai Kwong Lane, Tai Po Market, N.T.	2652 2133
Tai Po Branch	68-70 Po Heung Street, Tai Po Market, N.T.	2657 2121
Tai Po Plaza Branch	Unit 4, Level 1 Tai Po Plaza, 1 On Tai Road, Tai Po, N.T.	2665 5890

BANK OF CHINA (HONG KONG) –

BRANCH NETWORK (continued)

Branch	Address	Telephone
On Chee Road Branch	Shop 10-11, Jade Plaza, 3 On Chee Road, Tai Po, N.T.	2665 1966
Fu Heng Estate Branch	Shop 1-2, Fu Heng Shopping Centre, Tai Po, N.T.	2661 6278
Fu Shin Estate Branch	Shop G11, Fu Shin Shopping Centre, Tai Po, N.T.	2663 2788
Uptown Plaza Branch	Shop 054, Level 1 Uptown Plaza, Tai Po, N.T.	2929 3228
Kwong Fuk Road Branch	40-50 Kwong Fuk Road, Tai Po, N.T.	2658 2268
Sai Kung District		
Sai Kung Branch	7-11 Wan King Path, Sai Kung, N.T.	2792 1465
East Point City Branch	Shop 187A, East Point City, Tseung Kwan O, N.T.	2628 7238
Hau Tak Estate Branch	Shop 7, Hau Tak Shopping Centre, Tseung Kwan O, N.T.	2703 5203
HKUST Branch	The Hong Kong University of Science & Technology, Clear Water Bay Road, N.T.	2358 2345
Tsui Lam Estate Branch	Shop 101, Tsui Lam Shopping Centre, Tseung Kwan O, N.T.	2702 0282
Po Lam Estate Branch	Shop 207, Po Lam Shopping Centre, Po Lam Estate, Tseung Kwan O, N.T.	2701 4962
Tsuen Wan District		
407 Castle Peak Road Branch	407-411 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2920 3211
Clague Garden Branch	Shop 1-3, Commercial Complex, Clague Garden Estate, 24 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2412 2202
Tsuen Wan Branch	297-299 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2411 1321
Castle Peak Road	167 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2493 8161
(Tsuen Wan) Branch		
Tsuen Wan (Sin Ching Building) Branch	201-207 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2416 6577
Lei Muk Shue Branch	Shop 1-2, Pak Shue House, Lei Muk Shue Estate, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2428 5731
Sham Tseng Branch	Shop G1 & G2, Rhine Garden, Sham Tseng, N.T.	2491 0038
Fuk Loi Estate Branch Texaco Road Branch	129-135 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T. Shop A112, East Asia Gardens, 36 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2499 0755 2414 4287
Kwai Tsing District		
Ha Kwai Chung Branch	192-194 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2424 9823
Sheung Kwai Chung Branch	7-11 Shek Yi Road, Sheung Kwai Chung, N.T.	2480 6161
Tai Wo Hau Branch	5-9 Tai Ha Street, Tai Wo Hau, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	2429 0304
Cheung Hong Estate Branch	201-202 Commercial Centre No 2, Cheung Hong Estate, Tsing Yi, N.T.	2497 7718
Cheung Fat Estate Branch	Shop 317, Cheung Fat Shopping Centre, Tsing Yi, N.T.	2433 1689
Cheung Hong Estate Commercial Centre Branch	2 G/F, Commercial Centre, Cheung Hong Estate, Tsing Yi, N.T.	2497 0325
Maritime Square Branch	Shop 115, Maritime Square, Tsing Yi, N.T.	2436 9298
Metroplaza Branch	Shop 260-265, Metroplaza, 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2420 2686
Kwai Cheong Road Branch	40 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2480 3311
Kwai Chung Branch	432-436 Castle Peak Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2410 9133
Kwai Chung Road Branch	1009 Kwai Chung Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2424 3021
Kwai Chung Plaza Branch	A18-20, G/F Kwai Chung Plaza, 7-11 Kwai Foo Road, Kwai Chung, N.T.	2920 2468
Tuen Mun District		
Tuen Mun Town Plaza Branch	Shop 2, Tuen Mun Town Plaza Phase II, N.T.	2450 8877
Tuen Mun Fa Yuen Branch	Shop D, Tuen King Building, Tsing Hoi Circuit, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2458 1033
Tuen Mun San Hui Branch	G13-G14 Eldo Court, Heung Sze Wui Road, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2457 3501
Siu Hong Court Branch	226 Commercial Centre, Siu Hong Court, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2466 6703
Leung King Estate Branch	Shop 211, Leung King Shopping Centre, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2463 3855
Kin Wing Street Branch Venice Gardens Branch	24-30 Kin Wing Street, Tuen Mun, N.T. Shop13-15, G/F Venice Gardens,	2465 2212 2455 1288
venice ourdens branch	Leung Tak Street, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2400 1200

Branch	Address	Telephone
Butterfly Estate Branch	Shop 127-134, Tip Ling House, Butterfly Estate, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2920 5188
Lam Tei Branch	Block B, 130 Lot T.M.T.L., 2738 Castle Peak Road, Lam Tei, Tuen Mun, N.T.	2465 0033
Yuen Long District		
Tai Tong Road Branch	Shop A135, 1/F Hop Yick Plaza, 23 Tai Tong Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2479 2113
Yuen Long Branch	102-108 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2474 2211
Castle Peak Road (Yuen Long) Branch	162 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2476 2193
Yuen Long (Hang Fat Mansion) Branch	8-18 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2475 3777
Tin Shui Estate Branch	Shop 108-109, Tin Shui Shopping Centre, Tin Shui Wai, Yuen Long, N.T.	2445 8728
Hung Shui Kiu Branch	17-19 Tak Cheung Building, Hung Shui Kiu, N.T.	2447 0248
Kau Yuk Road Branch	18-24 Kau Yuk Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2473 2833
Kingswood Villas Branch	A189 Kingswood Richly Plaza, Tin Shui Wai, N.T.	2448 3313
Kingswood Ginza Branch	Shop G73, Phase 1 Kingswood Ginza, Tin Shui Wai, N.T.	2616 4233
North District		
Sheung Shui Branch	61 San Fung Avenue, Sheung Shui, N.T.	2671 0155
Landmark North Branch	Shop 351, Landmark North, Sheung Shui, N.T.	2670 3131
Sha Tau Kok Branch	Block 16-18, Sha Tau Kok Chuen, Sha Tau Kok, N.T.	2674 4011
Flora Plaza Branch	Shop 28, Flora Plaza, 88 Pak Wo Road, Fanling, N.T.	2675 6683
Fanling Centre Branch	Shop 2D-E & H, Fanling Centre, Fanling, N.T.	2669 7899
Choi Yuen Estate Branch	Shop 4, F3 Level Commercial Centre, Choi Yuen Estate, Sheung Shui, N.T.	2671 6783
136 San Fung Ave Branch	136 San Fung Avenue, Sheung Shui, N.T.	2670 6138
Luen Wo Market Branch	17-19 Wo Fung Street, Luen Wo Market, Fanling, N.T.	2675 5113
Luen Shing Street Branch	10-16 Luen Shing Street, Fanling, N.T.	2675 6113
Outlying Island District		
Cheung Chau Branch	53-55 Tai Sun Street, Cheung Chau, N.T.	2981 0021
Hong Kong International Airport Branch	Unit 7T075, Passenger Terminal Building, Hong Kong International Airport	2326 1883

Mainland Branches

Branch	Address	Telephone
Shenzhen Branch	G/F, The Kwangtung Provincial Bank Building, Ren Min Nan Road, Shenzhen, China	(86-755) 8233 0230
Shenzhen Luohu Sub-Branch	Room 804-5, Development Centre Building, Ren Min Nan Road, Shenzhen, China	(86-755) 8228 0177
Shenzhen Futian Sub-Branch	1/F, Shen Ye Garden Club House, Caitian Road, Shenzhen, China	(86-755) 8294 2929
Shantou Branch	G/F, 3 Yingbin Road, Shantou, China	(86-754) 826 8266
Shanghai Branch	G/F, Po Sang Bank Tower, 668 Beijing Road East, Shanghai, China	(86-21) 5308 8888
Oingdao Branch	G/F. 6 Yun Xiao Road, Oingdao, China	(86-532) 573 2828

CORPORATE BANKING & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DEPARTMENT

Division/Centre	Address	Telephone
Financial Institutions Division	10/F Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, H.K.	2826 6888
Corporate Division	10/F Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, H.K.	2826 6888
Small & Medium Enterprises Division	9/F Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, H.K.	2826 6888
Commercial Division	9/F Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, H.K.	2826 6888
Hong Kong East Commercial Centre	2-3/F, Eastern Commercial Centre, 393-407 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	2833 8790

CORPORATE BANKING & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

DEPARTMENT (continued)

Division/Centre	Address	Telephone
Kowloon East Commercial Centre	Room 607-610, 6/F, Telford House, 16 Wang Hoi Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon	3406 7300
Kowloon East Commercial Centre San Po Kong Office	Room 601, 6/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon	2263 4900
Kowloon East Commercial Centre Hung Hom Office	Room 507, Block A, Hung Hom Commercial Centre, 37-39 Ma Tau Wai Road, Kowloon	2197 0188
Kowloon West Commercial Centre	3/F-7/F & 9/F, 589 Nathan Road, The Kwangtung Provincial Bank Building, Mong Kok, Kowloon	3412 1688
New Territories East Commercial Centre	3/F, 68-70 Po Heung Street, Tai Po Market, N.T	2654 3222
New Territories East Commercial Centre Fo Tan Office	Room 8-11, 14/F, Shatin Galleria, 8-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, N.T.	2687 5665
New Territories West Commercial Centre	Room 1720-1724, Nan Fung Centre, 264-298 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	3412 7288
New Territories West Commercial Centre Yuen Long Office	4/F, The Kwangtung Provincial Bank Building, 102-108 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long, N.T.	2442 8783
Trade Services Centre	3/F-10/F Bank of China Centre, Olympian City, 11 Hoi Fai Road, Kowloon	3198 3388

NANYANG COMMERCIAL BANK – BRANCH NETWORK

Branch	Address	Telephone
Head Office	151 Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong	2852 0888
	5 5	
Hong Kong Island		
Western Branch	128 Bonham Strand East, H.K.	2851 1100
Causeway Bay Branch	472 Hennessy Road, H.K.	2832 9888
Happy Valley Branch	29 Wong Nei Chung Road, H.K.	2893 3383
Kennedy Town Branch	86 Belcher's Street, H.K.	2817 1946
Quarry Bay Branch	1014 King's Road, H.K.	2563 2286
Des Voeux Road West Branch	334 Des Voeux Road West, H.K.	2540 4532
Aberdeen Branch	171 Aberdeen Main Road, H.K.	2553 4115
North Point Branch	351 King's Road, H.K.	2566 8116
Sheung Wan Branch	21 Connaught Road West, H.K.	2559 0888
Sai Wan Ho Branch	63 Shaukeiwan Road, H.K.	2567 0315
Wan Chai Branch	123 Johnston Road, H.K.	2574 8118
Causeway Centre Branch	Shop 16, Causeway Centre,	2827 6338
	28 Harbour Road, H.K.	
Central District Branch	56-58 Wellington Street, H.K.	2522 5011
Sunning Road Branch	8 Sunning Road, H.K.	2882 7668
Kowloon		
Mong Kok Branch	727 Nathan Road, Kowloon	2394 8206
Yau Ma Ti Branch	309 Nathan Road, Kowloon	2782 9888
Ferry Point Branch	Offices B,C,D, 10/F and Shops D,E,	2332 0738
reny rome branch	F, G/F Best-O-Best Commercial	2002 0700
	Centre, 32-36 Ferry Street, Kowloon	
Ho Man Tin Branch	71A Waterloo Road, Kowloon	2715 7518
Nathan Road Branch	570 Nathan Road, Kowloon	2780 0166
Lai Chi Kok Road Branch	236 Lai Chi Kok Road, Kowloon	2396 4164
Jordan Road Branch	20 Jordan Road, Kowloon	2735 3301
To Kwa Wan Branch	62 To Kwa Wan Road, Kowloon	2764 6666
Kwun Tong Branch	410 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon	2389 6266
Tsim Sha Tsui Branch	Shop A, 1/F, HK Pacific Centre,	2376 3988
	28 Hankow Road, Kowloon	
Hung Hom Branch	69A Wuhu Street, Kowloon	2362 2301
Sham Shui Po Branch	198-200 Tai Po Road, Kowloon	2777 0147
Tsun Yip Street Branch	48 Tsun Yip Street, Kowloon	2790 6688
Peninsula Centre Branch	Shop G48, Peninsula Centre,	2722 0823
	67 Mody Road, Kowloon	
San Po Kong Branch	41-45, Yin Hing Street, Kowloon	2328 5555
Kowloon City Branch	86 Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon	2716 6033
Laguna City Branch	Shop 26, Phase 1 Laguna City, Kowloon	2772 3336
New Territories		
Kwai Chung Branch	100 Lei Muk Road, N.T.	2480 1118
Tai Po Branch	71 Po Heung Street, Tai Po Market, N.T.	2656 5201
Yuen Long Branch	G/F Tung Yik Building, Tai Tong Road, N.T.	2479 0231
Ha Kwai Chung Branch	180 Hing Fong Road, N.T.	2429 4242
Tsuen Wan Branch	78 Chung On Street, N.T.	2492 0243
Sheung Shui Branch	31 Fu Hing Street, N.T.	2679 4333
Tuen Mun Branch	Forward Mansion, Yan Ching Circuit, N.T.	2459 8181

Branch	Address	Telephone
Shatin Branch	Shop 7-8, Lucky Plaza, Shatin, N.T.	2605 9188
Luk Yeung Sun Chuen Branch	P2A-C, 1/F Luk Yeung Galleria, 22-26 Wai Tsuen Road, N.T.	2498 4411
Sai Kung Branch	Shop 11-12 Sai Kung Garden, Man Nin Street, N.T.	2791 1122
The Mainland of China		
Shenzhen Branch	Nanyang Mansion, 2002 Kin Chit Road, Shenzhen, China	(86-755) 2515 6333
Shekou Branch	Shekou Finance Centre, Taizi Road, Shenzhen, China	(86-755) 2682 8788
Haikou Branch	Room 702-703, 7/F, Haikou Nanyang Building, 81 Bin Hai Avenue, Haikou, Hainan Province, China	(86-898) 6851 2538
Guangzhou Branch	4th Citic Plaza, 233 Tianhe N. Road, Guangzhou, China	(86-20) 3891 2668
Dalian Branch	1/F, Li Yuan Mansion, 16-18 Maingze Street, Dalian, Liaoning Province, China	(86-411) 282 3636
Beijing Branch	Level 1A, Regent Court, No. 8B, Jian Guo Men Wai Da Jie, Beijing, China	(86-10) 6568 4728
Overseas		
San Francisco Branch	31/F, 50 California Street, San Francisco, USA	(1-415) 398 8866

CHIYU BANKING CORPORATION – BRANCH NETWORK

Branch	Address	Telephone
Head Office	78, Des Voeux Road Central, H.K.	2843 0111
Hong Kong Island		
North Point Branch	390-394 King's Road, North Point, H	
Van Chai Branch	325 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, H.K.	
Sheung Wan Branch	22-24 Bonham Strand West, H.K.	2544 1678
Nestern Branch	429-431 Queen's Road West, H.K.	2548 2298
Quarry Bay Branch	997 King's Road, Quarry Bay, H.K.	2811 3131
Kowloon		
Hung Hom Branch	23-25 Gillies Avenue, Hung Hom, K	
wun Tong Branch	42-44 Mut Wah Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	2343 4174
ham Shui Po Branch	235-237 Lai Chi Kok Road, Kowloor	
San Po Kong Branch	61-63 Hong Keung Street,	2328 5691
	San Po Kong, Kowloon	
'au Ma Tei Branch	117-119 Shanghai Street, Yau Ma Tei, Kowloon	2332 2533
astle Peak Road Branch	226-228 Castle Peak Road, Kowloor	a 2720 5187
Kowloon Bay Branch	Shop 10 G/F, Kai Lok House,	2796 8968
	Kai Yip Estate, Kowloon Bay, Kow	
o Kwa Wan Branch	G/F, Shop 11-13, 78 To Kwa Wan Ro Kowloon	oad, 2765 6118
sz Wan Shan Branch	Shop 202, 2/F, Tsz Wan Shan Shopping Centre, 23 Yuk Wah Str Tsz Wan Shan, Kowloon	2322 3313 eet,
lew Territories Tuen Mun Yau Oi	CI 102 101 C/C D I I DI I	2452.2666
Estate Branch	Shop 103-104, G/F, Restaurant Block Yau Oi Estate, Tuen Mun, N.T.	k, 2452 3666
wai Hing Estate Branch	Shop 1, G/F, Hing Yat House,	2487 3332
warning Estate branch	Kwai Hing Estate, Kwai Chung, N	
ai Po Tai Wo Estate Branch	Shop 112-114, G/F, On Wo House,	2656 3386
	Tai Wo Estate, Tai Po, N.T.	
Belvedere Garden Branch	Shop 5A, G/F, Belvedere Square, Tsuen Wan, N.T	2411 6789
suen Wan Centre Branch	Shop 1-9, UG/F, B15-17 Tsuen Wan	2413 8111
	Centre, Phase II, Tsuen Wan, N.T.	
Shatin Sui Wo Court Branch	Shop F7, Commercial Centre,	2601 5888
	Sui Wo Court, Shatin, N.T.	
Va On Shan Branch	Shop 313 Level 3, Ma On Shan Plaz	a 2640 0733
	Bayshore Tower, Ma On Shan, N.T	
Sheung Tak Estate Branch	Shop 238, Sheung Tak Shopping Ce	
	Sheung Tak Estate, Tseung Kwan	D, N.T.
The Mainland of China		
Gamen Branch	1/F, 859 Xiahe Road, Xiamen,	(86-592) 5851 691
	Fujian Province, China	
uzhou Branch	1/F, International Building,	(86-591) 7810 078
	210 Wusi Road, Fuzhou	
	E TO DE LA COLL	
Harbin Representative Office	Fujian Province, China Room 301, 6 Hong Jun Street,	(86-451) 3673 518

Compiled by BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited 22 March 2004





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